







### Skills Investment Plan

for Highlands & Islands Skills Action Plan: 2019–2023



### Contents

Foreword	3
Section 1: Refreshing the Highlands & Islands Action Plan	4
Section 2: Progress in delivering the original Skills Investment Plan	5
Section 3: Key points emerging from the evidence review	8
Section 4: The changing policy context and regional opportunities	10
Section 5: Changing economic performance and demography	12
Section 6: Supply and demand	14
Section 7: A refreshed strategic framework and action plan	20
Section 8: Governance, monitoring and implementation	34
Appendix 1: Monitoring data sources	35

### **Foreword**

The Highlands & Islands is a unique area within Scotland, with significant natural capital and a population with a proud tradition of resilience and innovation.

Just as its geography and people are its greatest assets, they can also present a distinct set of skills needs that require solutions which are sympathetic to local need and circumstances.

In 2014, the Highlands & Islands Skills Investment Plan (SIP) was published to respond to this challenge. Five years later, it is timely to review progress to ensure that we collectively focus on meeting the region's skills requirements.

The SIP was launched at the Convention of the Highlands and Islands (COHI) in October of that year. Its development was led by Skills Development Scotland (SDS) in collaboration with Highlands & Islands Enterprise (HIE), the Scottish Funding Council (SFC), local authorities, and other key partners including education providers and employers.

The SIP described the skills challenges and opportunities for the region and set

out the partners' response. It covered the six local authorities of the Highlands & Islands (Argyll & Bute, Eilean Siar, Highland, Moray, Orkney Islands and Shetland Islands) as well as North Ayrshire (which includes the Isles of Arran and the Cumbraes). Several local skills plans stemmed from the original SIP.

At that time, a commitment was made to progress the actions identified and establish a Programme Board to oversee implementation of the SIP. These commitments were met and this document details the progress made by partners who worked collaboratively to deliver actions relating to the key themes.

However, the Highlands & Islands economy and demography have changed since 2014 and are forecast to change in the future. Therefore, a refreshed skills response is required.

Following the EU referendum, the associated uncertainties with Brexit and a changing policy context, COHI agreed there should be a refresh of the SIP Action Plan.

SDS's Regional Skills Assessments (RSAs) for the Highlands & Islands provide a sound basis to develop this. They point to more substantial employment growth than the Scottish average over the past decade, with overall employment rising by 8,800. However, productivity remains some way behind the rest of Scotland and the region faces significant challenges in meeting future workforce demand.

The aims of revisiting the SIP are to review the key strategic themes alongside the existing evidence base and to consider the strategic and policy developments of the last five years. These activities will establish the relevance of these strategic themes to the key challenges facing the Highlands & Islands today.

This refresh will provide a renewed strategic framework through which the Enterprise and Skills agencies and other key partners can work collaboratively to address these labour market challenges and contribute towards transformational change to make the Highlands & Islands a more productive and career-enhancing place for people and businesses.

The Highlands & Islands SIP Programme Board

### Refreshing the Highlands & Islands Action Plan

### The role of the programme board

The Highlands & Islands SIP Programme Board was formed from the COHI Short Life Working Group and has led on monitoring and reporting the implementation of the 2014-2018 Highlands & Islands SIP Action Plan. The Programme Board has been chaired by Norman MacDonald, Convenor of Comhairle nan Eilean Siar, and has met quarterly since November 2015 in venues across the Highlands & Islands.

The Programme Board meetings enable partner updates and discussion on regional and local skills issues, talent attraction initiatives, and Developing the Young Workforce (DYW) activity. A Highlands & Islands SIP Evidence Advisory Group was also established to provide greater co-ordination of regional and local research and analysis to inform investment.

### Our approach

The existing SIP was published in 2014 and based around five themes of:

- meeting the skills needs of employers
- anticipating future skills requirements
- increasing opportunities for young people
- people attraction and place attractiveness
- strengthening the employer voice.

At a Programme Board workshop in July 2018, these themes were revisited, and progress measured against the original Action Plan. The findings were reported to COHI in October 2018, where it was agreed the SIP should be updated. It was also agreed that any updated plan should articulate an up-to-date skills narrative and develop a coherent, responsive, and collaborative set of actions that key regional partners can follow to respond to current and future skills challenges and opportunities.

In 2019, the relevant economic and labour market data was analysed, and existing strategies, policies and national, regional, and sectoral plans considered. More than 50 regional stakeholders were consulted to validate and interpret the emerging key messages on the changing economic and policy context, and to subsequently identify future priorities.

## Progress in delivering the original SIP

Since its launch, the Highlands & Islands SIP has achieved significant traction across the region. The review of SIP activity between 2014-18 highlighted significant progress in several areas. A summary of the review follows, but some headline achievements are noted here:

Improved co-ordination of skills research and analysis	Modern Apprenticeships (MA) expansion aligned to growth sectors	Enhancement of UHI academic and physical infrastructure		Effective regional partnerships in place
Development of a robust evidence base supporting skills planning	2,758 MA starts delivered in 2017/18 – 10% above SIP target	The period 2013/14 to 2017/18 has seen a 24% increase in UHI FTE students and:		Inverness and Highland City Region Deal investment in skills
New funding streams benefited the region: Digital Xtra, Transition	UHI work-based learning hub established and facilitating growth closely	In higher education:	In further education:	Highlands & Islands Science Skills Academy, Newton Rooms & Digital
Training Fund, Flexible Workforce Development Fund, Low Carbon Skills Fund	aligned to growth sectors	Increases in both full time and part time enrolments	Most popular subject areas:  • healthcare, medicine and health & safety	Hub established
Greater focus on coordinating efforts of talent attraction and retention	New innovative work- based learning pathways and delivery introduced	Main increases in:	<ul> <li>construction and the built environment</li> <li>social, personal and family care</li> <li>agriculture and horticulture</li> <li>engineering</li> </ul>	Developing rural growth and island deals aiming to benefit skills provision
Innovation in education delivery through UHI, e-Sgoil & other local authority platforms	Higher proportion of school leavers going on to positive destinations compared to the rest of Scotland	Additional 1,300 HE funded places available 2018-2020	FE credits increased reflecting more hours of learning provided	Local skills plans produced and driven at local authority and sub-local authority level
		Developments of Gaelic tea increased enrolments at FE		

In 2018, lead partners were asked to identify their activity against each theme, and this has been collated and progress is presented using the following appraisal method:

N/A No progress no longer an action not complete	Some progress development activity occurred, partially complete	Good progress almost complete	Met aspiration or target action complete	Exceeded aspiration or target action complete
--	---	----------------------------------	--	---

### The findings of the evaluation are summarised here:

Theme 1 – Our investment in skills must meet the needs of employers			
Increase the uptake of Modern Apprenticeships in Highlands & Islands	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Establishing industry led skills provision	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
The immediate needs of employers in key sectors	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Support skills and pathways in forestry	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Regional Outcome Agreements to support growth sectors	Good progress – almost complete		
Enable increased entrepreneurship in the region	Good progress – almost complete		
Develop skills provision for professional chefs	Some progress – development activity occurred, partially complete		

Theme 2 – Planning for the future			
Business services skills assessment	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Construction provision research	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Using the single Highlands & Islands Regional Outcome Agreement	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Future skills research across key sectors	Good progress – almost complete		
Healthcare skills partnership	Good progress – almost complete		
Highlands & Islands Science Skills Academy	Good progress – almost complete		
Inward investment opportunities across the region	Some progress – development activity occurred, partially complete		

### Findings of the evaluation continued:

Theme 3 – A region for young people			
Apps for Good	Exceeded aspiration or target – action complete		
Enhance careers services	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Commission for DYW	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Energy Future Workforce Programme	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Certificate of Work Readiness	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Scotgrad	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Young People in Highlands & Islands research	Met aspiration or target – action complete		
Go-North: Digital skills for young people	Good progress – almost complete		
STEMNET teacher/pupil events in life sciences	Good progress – almost complete		

Theme 4 – People attraction and place attractiveness			
Rollout of superfast broadband	Good progress – almost complete		
Regional and local marketing campaigns to promote the career and lifestyle opportunities in the region	Some progress – development activity occurred, partially complete		
Establish campus facilities/lifestyle experiences	Some progress – development activity occurred, partially complete		
Talent Highlands & Islands	Some progress – development activity occurred, partially complete		

Since this 2018 evaluation there has been continued delivery against all four themes and in particular an increased focus on people attraction and place attractiveness nationally, regionally and locally.

# Key points emerging from the evidence review

In 2019, a wide-ranging review of evidence was completed and is summarised in this report. It suggested that many of the economic drivers identified in the previous SIP remain current. Therefore, many of the themes identified previously are still relevant.

The report establishes how best to meet these issues and the extent to which current activity is suitable or requires review. This exercise was undertaken with an awareness of:

the anticipated economic conditions

 increased productivity but slower
 employment growth and rising
 demand for higher level professions,
 growth focused on key sectors
 with pre-existing skills shortages,
 including child and day-care,
 construction, financial and business
 services, and digital and ICT

- the increasing importance of talent attraction and retention for the Highlands & Islands, which will be exacerbated by Brexit
- the opportunities and challenges stemming from Industry 4.0 – providing vocational skills in areas of job growth along with the meta-skills to adapt to changing employment conditions
- the First Minister's declaration of a global climate emergency and the urgency to move to a low carbon economy.

Additionally, there has been a divergence of performance between parts of the Highlands & Islands over recent years, and uneven growth could lead to greater disparities in the future.

While some skills needs within the region may be common, the geography means that many locations are in effect their own self-contained labour market which brings challenges around having the right skills mix in each place. Considering issues such as population challenges in fragile communities is imperative to the Action Plan.





Image credit: Orbex

The potential economic and community benefits that can be realised from emerging space sector opportunities are significant, and the characteristics of the region mean it is uniquely placed to capture them

4

The changing policy context and regional opportunities

### **UK** policy context

While skills and training are devolved matters for Scottish Government, several UK Government initiatives also provide a backdrop to any skills plan. These initiatives include the Apprenticeship Levy, the Industrial Strategy, the UK Shared Prosperity Fund which will replace EU European Structural and Investment Funds, as well as long-term investment projects such as City Deals and Regional Growth Deals – including the Inverness and Highland City Deal and emerging rural and islands deals.

While the uncertainty surrounding Brexit indicates that its full impact is yet to be entirely understood or felt, many economic experts forecast significant negative impacts on the wider UK economy with the potential for severe consequences around economic growth, employment, and real incomes.

### Scottish policy context

Scotland's Economic Strategy was launched in 2015, setting out the Scottish Government's aims of increasing competitiveness through enhanced productivity and tackling inequality though increased participation in employment. These aims align with the current focus on inclusive growth, which prioritises sustainable economic growth and equitable distribution of the benefits stemming from this growth. Investment in skills is recognised as a key pillar which will support these aims, as well as complementary agendas

such as Widening Access and the 15-24 Learner Journey.

### **Enterprise and Skills Review**

In 2016, an Enterprise and Skills Review proposed closer alignment of Scotland's Enterprise and Skills Agencies with a view to delivering Scotland's Economic Strategy. The Enterprise and Skills Strategic Board was established to oversee the work of the agencies and published their first strategic plan in October 2018.

### Skills planning

To enable this closer alignment, a fivestage skills alignment skills planning model has been proposed to bring together the supply and demand sides of the skills system to meet the needs of the Scottish economy more effectively. Additionally, the plan calls for greater focus upon defining the meta-skills required for an agile and adaptable workforce in the face of digital disruption and Industry 4.0.

Following the publication of the original SIP, a range of sectoral and regional SIPs were developed or updated by SDS. Some of the priorities in these plans are particularly relevant to the Highlands & Islands. For instance, the priorities and actions in the Skills Action Plan for Rural Scotland are interlinked with the SIP and reinforce the need to distinguish the specific issues and characteristics of all rural parts of Scotland.

### Highlands & Islands policy context

Further national and regional policy developments since 2014 bear relevance to the Highlands & Islands. For instance, talent attraction and retention has long been a key issue for the region, but it has become even more pressing at both a national and regional level after the Brexit vote. Informed by HIE's research on the attitudes and aspirations of young people, HIE led on the development of a Highlands & Islands Talent Attraction and Retention Strategy.

Protecting Scotland's Future, the Government's Programme for Scotland 2019/20 has a clear focus and urgency on addressing the global climate emergency and related low carbon skills. The Scottish Government Fair Work ambitions and principles have a direct impact on both skills and funding.

A range of local skills action plans have also been developed following the launch of the original SIP. The Arran Skills Plan, for instance, was developed and led by the Arran Skills Group with a view to understanding and addressing skills issues on Arran. The Skills Group reconvened in December 2018 at a facilitated session led by Adam Smith Business School at the University of Glasgow. The purpose of this session was to collectively agree on a small number of action areas through which to address some of the skills challenges facing the island, both now and in the future.

The group agreed on four skills priority areas: construction; health & social care; visitor economy and a cross cutting issue around shared provision. There is a strong sense of partnership on the island, with industry working alongside partners to identify, develop and implement local solutions. It is crucial to maintain coherence between the refresh of the SIP Action Plan and existing and future local skills plans.

Many additional policy developments also provide important reference points at a regional level:

- the National Gaelic Language Plan
- provision for a National Islands Plan through the Islands (Scotland) Act 2018
- key local authority economic development and skills strategies
- increased alignment between HIE, SDS and SFC strategic plans.

### **Regional opportunities**

The HIE Strategy 2019-22 highlights a full range of regional strengths and opportunities including:

Fort William Masterplan 2040 – 20 projects which, cumulatively, will transform the town as a place to live, work and study.

**Space** – The potential economic and community benefits that can be realised from emerging space sector opportunities are significant, and the characteristics of the region mean it is uniquely placed to capture them.

**Technology, engineering and manufacturing** — The region has a
strong base of specialist engineering
and manufacturing businesses,
serving multiple sectors and building
international competitiveness.

Energy — The low carbon economy and renewables sector contributes significantly to the region and represents a major economic, social and industrial opportunity, while the oil and gas industry will continue to play a key role in supplying energy and affording the skills and expertise to support our transition to a highly productive, low carbon future. The whole region is exceptionally well-placed to capitalise upon on decommissioning and the commitments of UK and Scottish Governments.

Marine economy — The region's unique marine resource has created and maintained valuable economic opportunities for generations in sectors as varied as aquaculture, fisheries, life sciences, tourism, marine engineering and renewable energy.

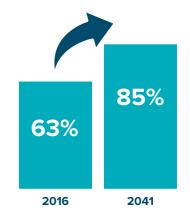
**Tourism** — The benefits of tourism reach every part of the region, from cities and towns to rural and remote communities. The continued appeal of the region as a world class visitor destination presents a major opportunity for the region's businesses and communities to grow and flourish.

In addition, **construction** touches every part of the region's economy, communities and society. The industry is an important driver of the wider economy due to the impact construction investment has on other sectors. Meeting the demand for housing, particularly affordable housing in rural and island communities, will be key to the future success of the region.

# Changing economic performance and demography

### A detailed and comprehensive socioeconomic and skills analysis of the Highlands & Islands was completed, and the key headlines are:

- gross value added (GVA) growth in Highlands & Islands has been lower than the Scottish average and this trend is forecast to continue over the next decade – 13% in the region compared to 18% nationally
- productivity as measured by GVA per job varies considerably across the region. The average for Highlands & Islands is just over £41,000 per job, which is significantly lower than the Scottish average of £47,000
- a 5% drop in the number of people of working age living in the region is predicted by 2028. Hence, the deficit between the number of jobs expected for Highlands & Islands and the supply of working age people living in the region is predicted to widen



Dependency ratio

- the region's dependency ratio
   (the relationship between working
   and non-working age population),
   will increase from 63% in 2016
   to 85% by 2041. This means
   85 non-working age people are
   expected to be dependent on
   every 100 working-age people by
   2041. This will be far higher than the
   national dependency ratio which is
   expected to reach 70%
- by 2041, individual local authority dependency ratios are forecast to range from 79% to 95%, with Shetland forecasting the lowest ratio of 79%, while Argyll & Bute and Eilean Siar forecast highest dependency ratio of 95%

- while employment has generally increased across the region since 2006, it has fallen over the period in Argyll & Bute and Eilean Siar
- between 2006 and 2018, there
  has been a 4% increase in the
  region's population slightly lower
  than the 6% growth in Scotland as
  a whole. Again, there have been
  major differences across the region
  with population falling in Argyll &
  Bute, Eilean Siar and North Ayrshire
- over the next 10 years, the total population in the region is expected to remain broadly static (a modest 1% increase compared to 3% in Scotland). The regional story, however, masks a more nuanced picture at sub-regional level, with areas continuing to lose population
- significant population decreases are projected for Eilean Siar and Argyll & Bute in particular and smaller decreases projected for Orkney and Shetland.



A **5%** drop in the number of people of working age living in the region is predicted by 2028.

### **Business base**

### Increase in business base:

The number of businesses operating across the region has increased by 11% (c.2,225 businesses) since 2010. Whilst representing strong growth, the national increase over the same period was 20%.

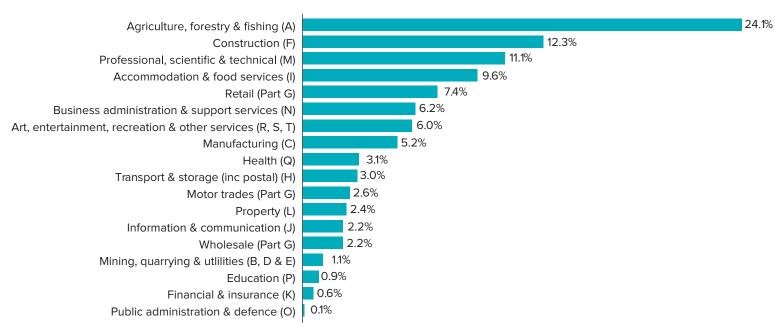
### Greater prevalence of businesses in agriculture, forestry and fishing:

This sector accounts for 24% of all businesses, compared to 10% across Scotland, followed by construction (12%), professional, scientific & technical (11%) and accommodation & food services (10%).

### Higher share of micro business:

In terms of business structure by employee size band, at 89% there is a higher share of micro businesses (0-9 employees) than in the rest of Scotland at 87%, and a lower share of employers with 50+ employees, at 1% in rural areas compared with 3% in the rest of Scotland. SMEs across Scotland report challenges in terms of lack of time, capacity and awareness of training, and in rural areas these challenges can be exacerbated by issues including cost and access to training. This can limit employment and work.

### **Business by industry**



## Supply and demand

A range of issues regarding the supply of and demand for skills in the Highlands & Islands have implications for the Highlands & Islands SIP Action Plan.

These issues are identified within the context of ongoing Brexit uncertainty, with the Highlands & Islands having double the UK average of small businesses that employ EU citizens, as well as the wider importance of EU markets for key sectors such as fishing, aquaculture, food & drink and tourism. Additionally, supply and demand must be considered within the context of digital disruption and the opportunities and threats technological change brings with it.

Bringing together the projections on employment demand and supply of resident labour, over the next decade there will be a clear widening of the deficit between the number of jobs that are expected for the Highlands & Islands and the supply of working age people living in the region.

Key headlines for the supply of and demand for skills are:

### **Demand**

- the largest key sectors in the Highlands & Islands in 2018 were health & social care; tourism; construction; and food & drink.

  These are predicted to still be the largest sectors in 2028
- since 2014, there has been an increase of 4,500 jobs and most of this change has been driven by growth in the accommodation and food service sector (i.e. tourism) which grew by over 3,500 jobs
- overall employment in the Highlands & Islands is expected to fall by around 2,000 by 2028. In percentage terms the largest positive changes are expected to be in the construction industry (10%), administrative & support services (9%), and professional, scientific & technical activities (8%)
- the region has a higher proportion of skilled trades occupations, but a lower proportion of professional occupations
- over the next 10 years, the biggest positive change in percentage terms will be in child day-care activities, construction, financial & business services, and digital & ICT



The largest key sectors in the Highlands & Islands in 2018 were health & social care; tourism; construction; and food & drink.

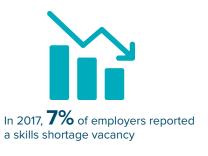
- there are expected to be 71,800
  job openings between 2018
  and 2028, which will be driven
  by replacement demand. These
  employment opportunities are a key
  focus for the refreshed plan
- in 2017, 7% of employers reported a skills shortage vacancy which was slightly higher than the national level, with the biggest increases in skills shortages in caring, leisure and other services
- however, fewer employers in the Highlands & Islands reported skills gaps in 2017 compared with 2013
   13% in 2017 and 21% in 2013
- the key sectors in relation to Gaelic speakers and where Gaelic can bring significant economic value are public administration, creative industries, education and tourism.

### Other key issues affecting skills demand

There are also other key issues affecting the demand for skills in the Highlands & Islands over the coming years:

- Brexit will have major implications for the Highlands & Islands economy. It is estimated that 41% of small businesses in the Highlands & Islands employ EU citizens, more than double the UK average of 20%
- Brexit will also have an impact on businesses that trade with the EU. It will also result in the loss of EU funding and the loss of significant numbers of EU migrant workers
- talent attraction and retention has long been a key issue for the region, but this has been become even more important in light of the Brexit vote
- it is estimated that around one in five current jobs in Scotland are at risk of automation over the next decade, with lower skilled jobs most at risk. This technological change also requires new skills for an adaptable and flexible workforce.





### **Supply**

- there is a higher proportion of school leavers in the region going on to positive destinations compared to Scotland as a whole.
   This is mainly down to higher numbers going into employment, including more than 12,000 Modern Apprenticeships delivered in the region between 2013/14 and 2017/18
- rurality and perceived geographical isolation cause significant challenges to recruiting teachers in the Highlands & Islands. When schools are struggling to provide courses in certain subjects, this can impact on demand for FE and HE courses in the region
- results from the recent HIE study on young people's attitudes¹ found almost half (46%) of respondents felt that the range of school subjects available to them will limit their post-school options. However, 70% of people studying in the Highlands & Islands choose to do so because of its educational offering and availability of courses
- UHI is the largest university based in the region, covering the Highlands & Islands and Perth & Kinross. The UHI network consists of 13 independent partner colleges and research institutions

- the new Inverness Campus
   has been a key development
   increasing the breadth of
   provision and is home to teaching
   and research centres/collaborative
   projects involving five different
   institutions
- student enrolment in HE within the Highlands & Islands has grown steadily between 2013/14 and 2017/18 – a 21% increase to over 7,000 students compared to a 7% increase in Scotland as a whole
- UHI was one of six universities and colleges to offer Graduate Apprenticeships in 2018
- enrolment in further education has declined by 8% over the last four years but the number of credits has increased by 3%, reflecting more hours of learning provided
- overall there has been limited change in the top ranked subject areas by FT student enrolment in HE and FE since 2013/14. In HE, the most popular courses have been business & admin and subjects allied to medicine; in FE, social care, culture/language and engineering have remained the top subjects
- over the last four years the working age population has become more highly qualified with

- the proportion of people qualified to SCQF levels 7 – 12 increasing to 41%. However, this remains lower than the Scottish average of 44%
- based on the Gaelic Language
  Labour Market report produced
  by SDS, Bòrd na Gàidhlig and HIE,
  there has recently been growth in
  the number of school pupils being
  taught Gaelic, as well as growth in
  HE/FE provision
- 94% of FE Gaelic provision and around 60% of HE Gaelic provision is delivered by the University of the Highlands and Islands.

These headlines provide useful intelligence on the changing labour market in Highlands & Islands since 2014. They highlight challenges to effectively matching supply and demand that must be addressed. However, these headlines also portray a picture of diverse activities underway with a view to building a more resilient, flexible workforce for the region.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> HIE (2018), Young People and the Highlands and Islands: Maximising Opportunities

The University of the Highlands and Islands (UHI) is the only university with significant coverage throughout the region. The region also benefits from the presence of other educational institutions.

Graduate Apprenticeship providers have a large geographical reach explained by the variety of delivery models that are being offered. Most universities offer blended learning with a mix of online and offline (campus attendance) delivery as well as workbased assessments.

### Further and higher education activity in the Highlands & Islands

### ■ Shetlands

Shetland College UHI North Atlantic Fisheries College

### Orkney

Orkney College UHI Heriot Watt University

### ■ Caithness and Sutherland

North Highland College UHI Environmental Research Institute

### ■ Inner Moray Firth

Inverness College UHI
Highland Theological College UHI
University of Aberdeen
Glasgow School of Art
SRUC
University of Stirling
University of Dundee
Robert Gordon University

### ■ Lochaber, Skye and Wester Ross

West Highland College UHI Sabhal Mòr Ostaig

### **■** Outer Hebrides

Lews Castle College UHI

### ■ Argyll and Islands

Argyll College UHI University of Stirling University of Dundee Robert Gordon University

### ■ Moray Firth

Moray College UHI Glasgow School of Art



### **Graduate Apprenticeships delivery institutions**



























# A refreshed strategic framework and Action Plan

As part of the SIP refresh, over 50 consultations with regional stakeholders were held to discuss the performance of the regional economy, the main skills issues, and the new Action Plan.

The discussions informed several key themes for consideration, indicating the new framework should:

- take a more flexible and longterm approach to skills planning, considering political, economic, social and technological change
- build on what has been achieved to date
- align with the priorities in the national sector SIPs, particularly the Skills Action Plan for Rural Scotland
- simplify, not expand, the Programme Board governance structures and embrace greater partnership working

- provide both strategic guidance and detailed action at local level, act as a bridge between local need and national strategy, and actively highlight the skills needs of the region to government
- recognise the interdependencies between the region's key skills issues and barriers around housing, transport, infrastructure and ICT connectivity
- increase focus on the public sector

   most notably in health, social care
  and education.

### Establishing a new skills vision

COHI seeks to strengthen alignment between the Scottish Government and member organisations to support sustainable economic growth. Seven key areas have been identified as being crucial to delivering a strong and vibrant economy post-2020: digital, transport, skills, talent attraction, marine, energy and housing.

There are strong interdependencies between skills and the other key themes and any new vision should demonstrate how the skills system will support the region's wider ambitions.

### **New strategic themes**

Based on feedback from stakeholders, the evidence review, and recognising shifting policy priorities, some minor changes are proposed to the SIP strategic themes:

- theme 1: Broaden the focus to address employers' current and future skills needs
- theme 2: Strengthen the focus on shared knowledge and capability
- theme 3: Ensure that people of all ages have opportunities to study, train and work
- theme 4: Recognise the importance of talent attraction and interdependencies.

The four revised themes now have clearer alignment to supporting businesses, developing a strong and resilient skills system, creating the right skills in the workforce, and ensuring the region is an attractive place for people and businesses. The changes to the first three themes have been informed by the Strategic Board's call for greater skills alignment and focus on outcomes.

### **Changes to the Action Plan**

Based on the evidence base and consultations, the following tables set out each of the action areas with the rationale for the action, additional activity required, the outcomes that will be measured, and details on the organisations that will be taking a lead in delivering the actions. It is important that these new actions are further developed into a SMART implementation plan and that there is flexibility built in to adapt as new needs emerge. Appendix 1 details monitoring and measurement data sources.

### **New 10-year vision and themes**

The Highlands & Islands will have a highly collaborative and responsive skills system for employers and learners that will increase productivity and inclusive growth, and support the ambition and sustainability of our communities









Meeting the skills needs of our employers Planning for the future and understanding the impact of our investment

Building the workforce of the future

People attraction, retention and place attractiveness

### Area of action 1: Meeting the skills needs of our employers

### 1.1 Broadening apprenticeship provision and participation in key sectors for all ages, gender and backgrounds

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
main publicly funded mechanisms for delivering skills support to businesses (following HE/FE provision) and more needs to be done to encourage a step-change in skills investment by businesses  Ensure a provision business and dive  Public se understa Apprenti delivery, participa	Promote apprenticeships to employers and people of all ages, gender and background	<ul> <li>national campaigns with local resonance</li> <li>maximise regional/local events</li> <li>focussed marketing for underrepresented groups</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland  DYW  Training providers	Increased use of apprenticeships by employers leading to a higher skilled workforce  Employers have improved access to required skills and talent resulting in fewer skills shortages and gaps  Closer fit between supply and demand of skills and talent
	Ensure apprenticeships and local provision meets the needs of businesses while addressing equality and diversity challenges	<ul> <li>increased employer engagement in the skills system</li> <li>rural supplement and travel support explored</li> <li>diversity baseline established, and actions identified and implemented</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland  Technical groups DYW UHI Industry partners	
	Public sector has a greater understanding of Scottish Apprenticeships	<ul> <li>public sector evidence base</li> <li>public sector school engagement (gender balance and STEM focus)</li> </ul>	NHS Other services	
	Pilot, monitor and evaluate new apprenticeships and alternate models of delivery, addressing barriers to participation for employers and individuals	<ul> <li>support rural MA provision including flexible delivery using technology</li> <li>consider alternative MA delivery models</li> </ul>	Training providers  Skills Development Scotland	

### Area of action 1 continued: Meeting the skills needs of our employers

### 1.2 Creating a culture of upskilling amongst employers and formalising skills support for the region's SMEs

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
Reduction in working age population and and high levels of out-migration of our young people require urgent coordination of support to improve the skills of the existing workforce to improve productivity and retain the workforce	Ensure all local partners are clear on full employer offer and promote the whole package to businesses to drive up demand and activity	<ul> <li>new online single entry point including diagnostic to support place-based activities</li> <li>business support partnership programme and Strategic Board missions</li> <li>mapping of regional skills support including growth deal projects</li> <li>local authority community planning partnership economic and skills sub-groups to drive local skills plan delivery</li> </ul>	HIE Skills Development Scotland  Business Gateway UHI SCDI Chamber of Commerce Local authorities	Increased business investment in skills Increase in apprenticeships Increased take-up and investment of other skills support Reduction in skills shortages skills gaps Higher skilled workforce Higher levels of productivity
	Building on best practice to identify SMEs with growth potential (currently operating at the level below HIE account managed companies)	<ul> <li>develop local skills escalator programmes responding to local demand</li> <li>ensure that SMEs have the processes in place to recruit and develop new staff and are apprentice ready</li> <li>promotion of Fair Work framework practices and business pledge</li> <li>build capacity to recruit apprenticeships</li> </ul>	Business Gateway  Skills Development Scotland HIE	Improved equalities outcomes  Support for Inclusive Growth and Fair Work agenda
	Develop skills offer to support businesses in Highlands & Islands	<ul> <li>upskilling and reskilling support in growth sectors</li> <li>encourage employers to review training and workforce development (Skills for Growth)</li> <li>promotion of innovation support for business (nationally, regionally and locally)</li> </ul>	HIE Skills Development Scotland Chamber of Commerce Innovation centres	

### Area of action 1 continued: Meeting the skills needs of our employers

### 1.3 Improving skills support for key inward investment projects

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
Inward investment plays a key role in developing growth sectors and supply chains, driving innovation and productivity and facilitating transfer of skills and knowledge to indigenous firms	Team Scotland approach adopted by all agencies targeting significant growth, inward investment and business resilience	<ul> <li>multinational agency propositions</li> <li>wider use of the outputs from existing business panels to inform propositions</li> </ul>	HIE Skills Development Scotland UHI Local authorities	Increased number and value of inward investment projects and jobs created  Enhanced multiplier effects from inward investment
	Develop skills offer to support businesses to locate or expand in Highlands & Islands by navigating and influencing the skills education and training landscape	<ul> <li>mapping exercise of supply chain skills capability against growth sectors</li> <li>ensure strong and robust intelligence in every inward investment proposition</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland UHI	Higher skilled workforce Higher levels of productivity

### 1.4 Developing leadership, management and entrepreneurship skills

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
Leadership and management is essential to achieving sustainable economic prosperity and growth  Focussing on entrepreneurship will create a more growth-orientated	Build on and expand the existing leadership, management and entrepreneurship skills programmes to support more SMEs with growth potential	<ul> <li>co-investment from government and national/regional agencies including rural growth deal projects</li> <li>expand training delivery in rural areas</li> </ul>	UHI HIE SFC	Increased number of businesses investing training  Higher skilled workforce and levels of productivity
business base	Embed entrepreneurship skills from a young age and build on existing enterprise in work-based learning type activity	<ul> <li>raise awareness of business start-up /self-employment options through career information advice and guidance and DYW</li> <li>support the expansion of enterprise-related education in all levels of education and address geographic equality of access</li> </ul>	DYW Skills Development Scotland Third sector entrepreneurship organisations	More young people considering self-employment as a career option

### Area of action 2: Planning for the future and understanding the impact of our investment

### 2.1 Developing strategic foresight capacity in the region

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
and occupation demand to respond effectively to the opportunities and requirements that will flow from City and Growth deals  Regional partners need to respond effectively to the Islands Act to ensure their services and policies are supportive and sensitive to the unique socio-economic needs of island communities  Inf a r regional partners need to respond effectively to the Islands Act to ensure their services and policies are supportive and sensitive to the unique socio-economic needs of island communities  Inf pro De	Prepare to respond effectively to new policy and funding initiatives (withdrawal of EU funding and access to UK Shared Prosperity Fund)	<ul> <li>raise the profile of the region with government(s) and agencies to highlight the region's unique economic and skills landscape</li> <li>ensure the Highlands &amp; Islands is fully integrated with national sector-based initiatives</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland HISIP Programme Board	Improved understanding of future skills needs, and improved regional skills evidence base  Effective allocation of skills funding  Services responsive to national policies and strategies through delivery in a local context
	Ensure SIP aligns to COHI partner activity	align any activity of the HISIP Programme Board with COHI senior officer group strategy actions and report biannually	Skills Development Scotland  COHI Senior Officers Group	
	Inform and support the development of a robust evidence base that details the regional challenges and opportunities	<ul> <li>continue to maintain and enhance the evidence base developed for the SIP</li> <li>ensure the RSAs inform partners to plan effectively on skills and related investment</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland HISIP Programme Board	
	Inform regional transformational projects	develop regional 'horizon scanning' to align to COHI workstream and develop coordinated responses	HIE Local authorities	
	Develop a greater understanding of the potential impact of Brexit	<ul> <li>collate existing, initiate new, and disseminate research and analysis</li> <li>influence proposed UK Government funding streams</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland HIE UHI	
	Implement the National Islands Plan	<ul> <li>partners respond effectively in relation to island proofing policies, strategies and services</li> </ul>	National Islands Plan named authorities	

### Area of action 2 continued: Planning for the future and understanding the impact of our investment

### 2.2 Ensuring a more integrated and transparent approach to skills planning/skills alignment

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
Effective skills planning requires a partnership approach  Significant replacement demand and growth in key sectors  Pressures on recruitment and upskilling within the public sector has increased, exacerbated by increase of non-working age people, out-migration of young people and families and increased levels of complex care needs	SFC and SDS will work more closely to implement the five-stage skills alignment model	- C and SDS will work more closely to develop a skills alignment process that draws on the learning from the National Skills Alignment pilots which will support the region's key and growth sectors a programme of engagement with employers to share knowledge of the	Effective allocation of skills funding  Services responsive to national policies and strategies through delivery in a	
	Regional partners to work to deliver greater integration and embed an 'agency fluid' approach to skills development in support of education and skills provision to meet local need	build on the Community Charter initiative with island local authorities to ensure greater alignment of education and skills services that supports the economy and a sustainable workforce     regional skills planning to be aware and supportive of the Regional Education Improvement Framework Plan and delivery     local partners commit to step change in collaboration in response to the Enterprise and Skills Strategic Board's Strategic Plan	Island local authorities  Skills Development Scotland Northern Alliance HIE Local authorities	

### Area of action 2 continued: Planning for the future and understanding the impact of our investment

### 2.3 Ensure effective workplace planning in the region's strategically important sectors and occupations

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
address significant workforce in recruitment and workforce plannin across the region  Significant skills and recruitment issues across the public sector, vitally important to the region's fragile.	supporting public sector organisations in recruitment and workforce planning	<ul> <li>establish a regional public sector skills network</li> <li>increase public sector joint procurement and recruitment</li> <li>ensure regional talent attraction is aligned to national talent attraction initiatives</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland  NHS Local authorities  UHI HIE	Improved understanding of future skills needs (expansion and replacement demand), and improved regional skills evidence base  Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps in the public sector, and more generally
	Address occupational segregation in key sectors and occupations	develop material and awareness raising events that challenge unconscious bias and gender-related misconceptions	Skills Development Scotland  Local authorities HIE NHS DYW	gonolary
	Enhance labour market awareness, provision of learning and employment opportunities in support of the Gaelic economy	<ul> <li>continue to support the skills and economy theme in 'Gaelic – a Faster Rate of Growth'</li> <li>implement, monitor and review the national and public sector Gaelic language plans</li> <li>increase Gaelic in the curriculum and in FE/HE</li> </ul>	Bòrd na Gàidhlig  HIE Skills Development Scotland Scottish Government UHI Local authorities	
	Curriculum designed to support regional and local economy particularly STEM and digital skills	pathways and subject choices available to support progressing in key and growth sectors	UHI Skills Development Scotland HIE	

### **Area of action 3: Building the workforce of the future**

Table 3.1 Improving the skills pipeline through mainstream education and increased numbers of FE/HE students in key subject areas

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
Providing sufficient and appropriately skilled workers through UHI regional college courses and training provision is an ongoing challenge  Urgency to ensure talent retention by providing opportunity to develop career progression with confidence through education, employment and training opportunities	In line with the Enterprise and Skills Strategic Board Strategic Plan SFC and SDS will work closely to implement the five-stage skills alignment model	<ul> <li>greater coordination of SFC outcome agreement funding with SDS commissioning</li> <li>improve the alignment of funding to key and growth sectors and occupations including support for remote areas</li> <li>funding and delivery to respond effectively to innovation, skills and training elements in City, Rural &amp; Islands growth deals</li> </ul>	SFC & Skills Development Scotland  Local authorities  UHI	Improved understanding of future skills needs, and improved regional skills evidence base  Effective allocation of skills funding  Increased number of FE/HE student numbers in subject areas aligned to key sectors/ occupations  Higher skilled workforce
Changes in employability pipeline, through loss of EU funding	Use of innovative approaches to deliver high quality education and skills, through e-learning, digital technology and off-campus learning while addressing equality and diversity challenges	<ul> <li>maximise technological opportunities to deliver learning with the optimum flexibility to meet needs of remote students and employers</li> <li>support the development of UHI, e-Sgoil and other local authority delivery platforms</li> </ul>	Local authorities  Training providers Northern Alliance UHI	Higher levels of productivity
	Further develop work-based learning and increase part-time learning	<ul> <li>continue to increase local apprenticeships delivery and expand off-campus delivery</li> <li>address gender imbalances and uptake of underrepresented groups in key sector occupations</li> <li>diversity baseline established, and actions identified and implemented</li> </ul>	Universities  Local authorities  Skills Development Scotland	

### Area of action 3 continued: Building the workforce of the future

### 3.2 Delivering a careers education service and guidance service for all ages and stages

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
The world of work is changing quickly increasing the importance of careers education  Constant drain of out-migration must be redressed to ensure businesses and communities have a sustainable future	Explore opportunities for co-ordination and innovation in career education and improve careers pathway information and guidance for all ages	<ul> <li>develop tailored content that promotes career enhancing skills and learning opportunities that are aligned to work and study options in the region and promote through face-to-face and online services</li> <li>align activity with recommendations from HIE 2018 survey – Young People and Highlands &amp; Islands</li> <li>ensure local LMI is used to support all-age careers service</li> <li>explore opportunities for joint career-long professional learning in relation to career education and the development/promotion of LMI</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland  Local authorities  UHI	Improved awareness of the variety of career progressing opportunities amongst school pupils, job-seekers, employees, parents, teachers and careers advisers  Greater uptake of Foundation Apprenticeships and work-based learning in the school curriculum across all parts of the region  Young people continue to indicate a preference to live in the Highlands & Islands and have greater confidence in the education, training and employment
	Develop awareness and pathways to Gaelic career opportunities	<ul> <li>implement the recommendation from the 2018 Gaelic Language Labour Market Evidence Report in relation to Gaelic skills and LMI</li> <li>review of SDS service offer for Gaelic speaking pupils, parents and teachers</li> </ul>	Public authorities with a Gaelic language plan	offer
	Further develop and enhance all-age career management offer to support those looking to upskill and reskill	promote the importance of lifelong learning and up-skilling & re-skilling as part of messaging about careers support that is available through career education face-to-face and online services	Skills Development Scotland  Local authorities	

### Area of action 3 continued: Building the workforce of the future

### 3.3 Enabling upskilling and reskilling

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
exponentially which requires a culture of lifelong learning and new skills to cope with future change (meta-skills)  Employees with workplace patterns of employment (gig economy and part-time employment) require support  Costs for islands and remote rural communities to access urban-based training can discourage employers to invest in workforce development  Enhance support future we support future we support the communities to access urban-based training can discourage employers to invest in workforce development	Collaboration with employers and other agencies in the skills system to take forward the Strategic Board's Future Skills Mission for Meta-Skills over the next three to five years	<ul> <li>obtain collective clarity on metaskills definition</li> <li>define key principles to utilise agreed meta-skills as a learning approach</li> <li>utilise meta-skills to define and develop skills system's qualifications</li> </ul>	Skills Development Scotland SFC SQA HIE	Improved culture/understanding of the importance of lifelong learning amongst those about to enter, and those already in the labour market and their career influencers  Increased uptake of apprenticeships and Individual Training Accounts
	Enhance digital skills provision to support all sectors for current and future workplace needs	<ul> <li>developing and embedding basic digital literacy in training</li> <li>support provision of professional digital skills training in the region</li> </ul>	Local authorities  HIE UHI Skills Development Scotland	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps Higher skilled workforce Higher levels of productivity
	Encourage employers to understand their workforce development needs and access available support	<ul> <li>promote greater uptake of existing products</li> <li>bespoke joint workshops to engage SMEs and provide cohesive business support</li> <li>promotion of existing support for employers for managing and supporting disabled people</li> <li>increase the promotion and uptake of the Flexible Workforce Development Fund</li> </ul>	HIE  Business Gateway Skills Development Scotland SFC	
	Increased investment in skills, training and education from procurement and community benefits	skills-related community benefits outputs from the delivery of City, Rural and Islands Deals and energy projects	Local authorities  Private energy companies	

### Area of action 3 continued: Building the workforce of the future

### 3.4 Continuing to support greater engagement of employers in shaping the skills pipeline and developing innovative career pathways

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
DYW groups have been successful in encouraging closer engagement between employers and education to improve employment opportunities for young people  The curriculum must be aligned to the needs of the local, regional and national economy if we are to ensure increased productivity and the ability to adapt to a	Ensure the local employers' voice is heard in the skills system through the eight DYW regional groups	<ul> <li>align partner activity to support the DYW groups to achieve KPIs</li> <li>create opportunities for dialogue to develop all levels of school/employer partnership within new framework</li> <li>increased employer partnerships to include offering meaningful work placements, including to underrepresented groups</li> </ul>	DYW  Local authorities Skills Development Scotland	Long-term, planned and sustainable employer partnerships with schools  Reduction in hard to fill vacancies  Reduction in the number of young people not engaged in meaningful work placements
rapidly changing technological workplace	Continue to develop the senior phase curriculum aligned the needs of employers	<ul> <li>build the curriculum offer in relation to Foundation Apprenticeships with a focus on widening access to all FA frameworks in all schools across the region</li> <li>pilot SCQF level 4 and 5 work-based learning qualifications to broaden and diversify the curriculum in relevant occupational areas across the region</li> <li>support employer uptake of digital platforms aimed at engaging with education</li> </ul>	Local authorities  DYW  UHI	

### **Area of action 4: People attraction, retention and place attractiveness**

### 4.1 Promoting the whole region to retain, attract people, businesses and investment, aligned with national strategies

Rationale	Action	Supporting activities	Lead partner	Outcomes
The Highlands & Islands Talent Attraction Strategy was aligned to the SIP to provide a regional focus to address young people and working age population retention, attraction and return  The key objective is to develop local, regional and national approaches and activities and combine where relevant and appropriate	Inform activity relating to the COHI talent attraction theme and accelerate the implementation of the Highlands & Islands Talent Attraction Strategy	<ul> <li>alignment of individual, regional and local education and skills provision plans in the context of an overarching regional strategy and action plan</li> <li>support the evolution and refinement of the wider region's strategic and operational approach to talent</li> <li>interpret what the regional (and sub-regional) skills evidence base says about the demographic challenges and the supply and demand for skills at a geographical, sectoral and occupational level</li> <li>identification of priorities for taking forward and aligning with other COHI activity relating to housing, digital, transportation, marine economy and energy which all contribute to the ongoing development and delivery of the local and regional approach to talent</li> </ul>	HIE HISIP programme board	Increased number of working age people living and working in the region  Reverse the forecast decline in population  Year-on-year positive net migration  Businesses located in (or locating into) the Highlands & Islands can access an appropriate scale and scope of skilled future talent





Just as its geography and people are the Highlands & Islands' greatest assets, they can also present a distinct set of skills needs that require solutions which are sympathetic to local need and circumstances

### 8

### Governance, monitoring and implementation

### This Skills Investment Plan sets out a shared framework and priorities for the region.

These include a mixture of policy, planning and delivery activities generating early and longer term outputs, while building a platform on which to drive the local response at a local authority level.

This plan also acknowledges the ongoing need for a skills planning and shared delivery response, which is derived from this framework but developed at sub-local authority level. In the Argyll & Bute and Highland regions there is a shared commitment from partners to work collaboratively on this, building on the success of local skills plans and developing our sub-regional evidence base.

It has been agreed by the Programme Board that there should be a greater balance between the monitoring and implementation of agreed actions in the future as well as provide strategic leadership and influence over skills policy within the region. There will continue to be one group, the Programme Board, to oversee implementation of the Action Plan.

For the period of this new plan the Programme Board will:

- provide strategic leadership for the development of skills policy and facilitate planning and delivery of the skills programmes across the region
- manage the implementation of the Highlands & Islands SIP Action Plan, including ongoing review and updating of key actions to address emerging policy agendas and external factors
- develop a detailed monitoring and implementation plan which will establish specific measures then will identify progress in achieving the outputs and outcomes
- facilitate the collation of robust evidence by partners to inform investment in skills
- support the activity of local skills plans which align to the regional priorities identified in the SIP
- provide progress reports to the Convention of the Highlands & Islands.

The membership of the refreshed Programme Board is listed below, and will include two new members:

- · Skills Development Scotland
- Scottish Funding Council
- Highlands & Islands Enterprise
- University of the Highlands and Islands
- SCDI
- Northern Alliance
- Bòrd na Gàidhlig
- NHS Health boards
- Local authorities
- Business Gateway

The Programme Board will meet four times a year, with two of the meetings taking place prior to the biannual COHI meetings (in October and March). This increased frequency will allow for more momentum in taking forward the Action Plan. Short term working groups may also be required for setting up new projects.

### **Appendix 1: Monitoring data sources**

Action area	Output/outcome	Data source			
Meeting the skills needs of our employers	Meeting the skills needs of our employers				
Broadening apprenticeship provision and participation in key sectors for all ages, genders and backgrounds	Increased uptake of all types of apprenticeships	SDS apprenticeship data			
	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps	Employer Skills Survey			
	Closer fit between supply and demand for skills and talent	Employer Skills Survey			
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment – qualification data			
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment – GVA data			
Creating a culture of upskilling amongst employers and formalising skills support for the region's SMEs	Increased business investment in skills	Employer Skills Survey			
	Increased uptake of all types of apprenticeships	SDS apprenticeship data			
	Increased uptake of other skills support programmes	SDS/SFC/HIE data			
	Increased number of businesses investing in training	Employer Skills Survey			
	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps	Employer Skills Survey			
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment – qualification data			
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment – GVA data			
	Improved equalities outcomes	SFC/SDS data			
	Support for Inclusive growth and Fair Work agenda	HIE data			
Improving skills support for key inward investment projects	Increased number value of inward investment projects and jobs created	SDI/ HIE FDI data			
	Enhanced multiplier effects from inward investment	SDI/ HIE FDI data			
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment - qualification data			
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment - GVA data			
Developing leadership, management and entrepreneurship skills	Increased number of business/organisations investing in leadership and management and entrepreneurship training	Employer Skills Survey			
	Higer skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment –qualification data			
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment –GVA data			
	More young people considering self-employment as a career option	Local authority/SDS data			
Knowledge and planning for the future					
Developing strategic foresight capacity in the region	Improved understanding of future skills needs, and improved regional skills evidence base	Qualitative feedback from partners			
	Effective allocation of skills funding	Qualitative feedback from partners			
	Services that are responsive to national policies and strategies through delivery in a local context	Qualitative feedback from partners			

### **Appendix 1: Monitoring data sources continued**

Action area	Output/outcome	Data source
Knowledge and planning for the future continued		
Ensuring a more integrated and transparent approach to skills planning/ skills alignment	Improved understanding of future skills needs, and improved regional skills evidence base	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Effective allocation of skills funding	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Services that are responsive to national policies and strategies through delivery in a local context	Qualitative feedback from partners
Ensuring effective workforce planning in the region's strategically important sectors and occupations	Improved understanding of future skills needs (expansion and replacement demand), and improved regional skills evidence base	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps in the public sector, and more generally	Employer Skills Survey
Building the workforce of the future		
Improving the skills pipeline through mainstream education and increased numbers of FE and HE students in key subject areas	Improved understanding of future skills needs, and improved regional skills evidence base	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Effective allocation of skills funding	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Increased number of FE/HE student numbers in subject areas aligned to key sectors/occupations	UHI/SFC data
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment - qualification data
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment - GVA data
Delivering a careers education advice and guidance service and careers pathways for all ages and stages	Improved awareness of career opportunities and different career options amongst job-seekers, employees, parents, teachers and careers advisers	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Greater uptake of Foundation Apprenticeships and work-based learning in the school curriculum across all parts of the region	SDS apprenticeship data
	Young people continue to indicate a preference to live in Highlands & Islands and have greater confidence in the education, training and employment offer	HIE survey
Encouraging up-skilling and re-skilling	Improved culture/understanding of the importance of lifelong learning amongst those about to enter, and those already in, the labour market and their career influencers	Qualitative feedback from partners
	Increased uptake of apprenticeships and Individual Training Accounts	SDS apprenticeship data
	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps	Employer Skills Survey
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment - qualification data
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment - GVA data

Action area	Output/outcome	Data source			
Building the workforce of the future continued	Building the workforce of the future continued				
Continuing to support greater engagement of employers in shaping the skills pipeline and developing innovative careers pathways	Long-term, planned and sustainable employer partnerships with schools	DYW KPIs			
	Reduction in hard-to-fill vacancies	Employer Skills Survey			
	Reduction in the number of young people not engaged in meaningful work placements				
People attraction and place attractiveness					
Promoting the whole region to retain, attract and re-attract people, businesses and investment, aligned with national strategies	Reduction in skills shortages and skills gaps	Employer Skills Survey			
	Higher skilled workforce	Regional Skills Assessment - qualification data			
	Higher levels of productivity	Regional Skills Assessment - GVA Data			
	Reverse the forecast decline in population	Regional Skills Assessment			
	Year-on-year positive net migration	Regional Skills Assessment			
	Businesses start-ups	Regional Skills Assessment			

### **Acknowledgements**

Skills Development Scotland would like to thank Highlands & Islands Enterprise for co-funding this research and the many partners who supported the development of the Highlands & Islands Skills Investment Action Plan refresh.

Skills Development Scotland

Monteith House, 11 George Square, Glasgow G2 1DY T 0141 285 6000 E info@sds.co.uk www.skillsdevelopmentscotland.co.uk