

# Employability Fund

## Frequently asked questions (FAQs)

### 2020/21 (as extended to 31 March 2022)

This document is for questions related to the published EF Rules 20/21 (as extended to 31 March 2022) and NTTF Guidance. For further information on FAQs related to COVID 19 please refer to the COVID 19 information on the [SDS website](#).

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## Introduction

This document replaces and updates earlier versions of FAQs relating to the EF/NTTF and should be read in conjunction with the EF Rules 2020-21 and NTTF Guidance. The EF Rules and NTTF Guidance are published on the [SDS Provider Web Pages](#) together with supporting documentation and presentations:

Questions have been clustered under the following sections:

1. Eligibility
2. Referral and Assessment
3. EF Delivery
4. Outputs
5. Outcomes
6. Terms and Conditions
7. Participant Allowances
8. EF Provider Contract Management/ FIPS
9. Miscellaneous enquiries

Each updated version will show latest additions in **green**.

## **1. Eligibility.**

### **Q1.1. Do EF participants remaining or progressing in Stage 2-4 still need to meet the eligibility criteria?**

A1.1. An EF Eligibility Confirmation must be completed prior to entry to each stage of EF. For participants claiming a DWP benefit who are progressing to Stage 3 or Stage 4 of the Strategic Skills Pipeline with the same or a different Provider, the Provider must treat this as a new referral and must contact the Jobcentre to arrange an interview for the Participant with their DWP work coach during their last week of training prior to progressing to a higher Stage of the Employability Fund to complete a new Eligibility Confirmation for the higher Stage. However, if a Participant is claiming a DWP benefit and is progressing to Stage 3 or Stage 4, without any break in training where the combined length of training does not exceed the maximum length of stay as outlined in EF Rules 3.5.1.1 and 3.5.1.2 a Change of Circumstance form can be used as an alternative to completing a new EF Eligibility Confirmation. To assist with a smooth transition between Stages it is recommended that the Provider consults with DWP throughout the process.

### **Q1.2 Is a young person who has accepted a place on a non-advanced mainstream FE course eligible for EF programme?**

A1.2 No. EF should not be used just to fill a gap whilst an individual is awaiting entry to College provision.

### **Q1.3 Why has an additional early entry category been introduced for DWP benefit recipients progressing to a Higher Stage of EF?**

A1.3 To assist DWP benefit participants to progress to a Higher Stages without having to wait 13 weeks to meet the eligibility criteria. In order to comply with benefit Rules this is only valid for 28 days from the end date of the lower Stage.

### **Q1.4 Why has an additional early entry category been introduced for DWP benefit recipients who are care experienced?**

A1.4 To assist DWP benefit participants who are care experienced to enter the EF without having to wait 13 weeks to meet the eligibility criteria.

### **Q1.5 How does a Provider check if an individual has any employment or funding restrictions?**

A1.5 Providers should request to see the individual's Biometric residence permit (BRP) which clearly states any restrictions. The onus to provide the correct documentation proving the right to work and train in the UK always lies with the individual. No EF referrals should be made without relevant paperwork. If you require any further information, please contact the SDS equality team at [MAEquality@sds.co.uk](mailto:MAEquality@sds.co.uk) .

### **Q1.6 Are young carers eligible for EF?**

A1.6 Caring responsibilities do not exclude individuals who are otherwise eligible for EF. Anyone with caring responsibilities should discuss their caring commitments with the referral organisation as it may impact on the suitability of EF as an appropriate route to access employment.

### **Q1.7 Is an individual who has been self-employed but no longer earning eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.7 If the individual is in receipt of benefit then the referral will be made by DWP and the eligibility will be determined and confirmed by DWP. If they are not in receipt of benefit, an individual who is no longer self-employed and has ceased trading due to having no income is treated as an 'individual who is not in employment education or training and not claiming benefits. This means

they are eligible for EF/NTTF - SDS CIAG or Provider confirms on EF Eligibility Confirmation Section 3. The individual confirms this by signing a self-declaration on the EF Eligibility Confirmation in Section 8 and SDS CIAG or Provider will sign Section 7 Confirmation of eligibility and suitability.

If an individual requires advice on ceasing trading, they should contact HMRC as they need to inform HMRC if they have stopped trading as a sole trader or are ending or leaving a business partnership.

**Q1.8 Is an individual who is in receipt of Universal Credit (UC) but also earning a wage eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.8 No. For all DWP benefits recipients – eligibility must be checked and confirmed with DWP.

**Q1.9 Is there an upper age limit for access to EF/NTTF?**

A1.9 There is no upper age limit for training if you meet the other eligibility criteria.

**Q1.10 Who is eligible for the National Transition Training Fund (NTTF) EF Stage 4?**

A1.10 NTTF EF Stage 4 is aimed at individuals who satisfy the following eligibility criteria:

- aged 25 and over and
- who are under threat of redundancy and within 13 weeks immediately prior to the notified date of redundancy or have been made unemployed or have been made redundant (including voluntary severance) on or after 1 March 2020.

For DWP Colleagues: please note that immediate entry to NTTF EF Stage 4 is available to those aged 25 and over who have been made unemployed on or after 1 March 2020.

NTTF EF Stage 4 was originally available between 5 October 2020 and 31 March 2021. This has now been extended to 24 June 2021.

Please see Q and A 1.22 for more information on evidence requirements.

**Q1.11 Why are those aged under 25 not eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4?**

A1.11 The NTTF EF Stage 4 is open to individuals aged 25+. 16-24 years olds can still access Employability Fund Stage 4 as well as any other funds for which they may be eligible e.g. ITA, Rapid Response Support.

**Q1.12 Is an individual who has already started/paid for a course prior to completing an EFEC able to undertake that course as part of EF/NTTF?**

A1.12 No, that particular course could not be included as part of their EF Individual Training Plan.

**Q1.13 Is an individual who has been made redundant on or after 1/3/20 but picked up a short-term job which has now finished eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4?**

A1.13 Yes. If someone was made redundant in March 2020 and is now unemployed, they would be eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4 if they meet the other eligibility criteria i.e. aged 25 and over.

**Q1.14 Is an individual who has been made redundant on or after 1/3/20 and has secured a stop gap job eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.14 An individual is not eligible for EF/NTTF if they are currently employed and are not under threat of redundancy. If they are employed for less than 16 hours per week and not in receipt of

Universal Credit, they may be eligible, please refer to the EF Rules Part 2 paragraph 2 for full details.

**Q1.15 Can an individual who was unemployed after being made redundant and referred successfully to EF/NTTF but prior to starting on EF/NTTF secured a job still undertake the EF/NTTF training?**

A1.15 No. However, if they are employed for less than 16 hours per week and not in receipt of Universal Credit, they may be eligible, please refer to the EF Rules Part 2 paragraph 2 for full details.

**Q1.16 Is a Modern Apprentice who is facing redundancy eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.16 No. Modern/Graduate Apprentices cannot be at the same time on any employment, training or enterprise programme funded by any Government department or by SDS (e.g. EF/NTTF).

**Q1.17 Is an individual who is on furlough eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4?**

A1.17 If an individual is on furlough they are still in employment and have not been made unemployed therefore do not meet the criteria for NTTF EF Stage 4 until they have been made unemployed or redundant.

**Q1.18 Are there any eligibility restrictions for overseas nationals?**

A1.18 An overseas national who is subject to an employment restriction or to a time limit on their stay in Great Britain or both except where the individual is a refugee or overseas national where the Biometric Residence Permit (BRP) which is provided by the Home Office shows they have the right to work regardless of the time shown will not be eligible for EF/NTTF.

Also, an overseas national who is subject to any funding restriction which would apply to the Employability Fund will not be eligible for EF/NTTF.

**Q1.19 If an individual is being made redundant, are they eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.19 Yes, the individual is eligible if under threat of redundancy and within 13 weeks of their notified date of redundancy. The individual could apply but consideration would need to be given to whether they could be released for training. **An individual who has accepted voluntary redundancy from their employer on or after 1 March 2020 and is within the 13 weeks immediately prior to their date of redundancy is eligible for entry to the EF/NTTF. A copy of the redundancy letter is required as evidence.**

**Q1.20 If an individual has had support from the Transition Training Fund Oil & Gas in the past are they eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.20 Previous funding through TTF Oil and Gas does not exclude individuals who are otherwise eligible for EF/NTTF.

**Q1.21 If an individual has a contract of employment but has not been earning due to COVID are they eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.21 If the individual is in receipt of benefit then the referral will be made by DWP and the eligibility will be determined and confirmed by DWP. If they are not in receipt of benefit, an individual who is a contracted worker or has a zero-hour contract and is not earning due to COVID 19 is treated as an 'individual who is not in employment education or training and not claiming benefits'. This means they are eligible for EF/NTTF - SDS CIAG or Provider confirms on EF Eligibility Confirmation Section 3. The individual confirms this by signing a self-declaration on the EF Eligibility Confirmation in Section 8 and SDS CIAG or Provider will sign Section 7 Confirmation of eligibility and suitability.

## **Q1.22 What are the evidence requirements to confirm NTTF EF Stage 4 eligibility?**

A1.22

- For those under threat of redundancy – a copy of the letter from the employer informing the intended date of redundancy is required as evidence. If the company has entered administration, a letter from the Insolvency Practitioner appointed to act on the employer's behalf is acceptable.
- For those unemployed and in receipt of benefits, DWP confirm NTTF EF Stage 4 eligibility from the letter of redundancy if appropriate. If a letter of redundancy is not appropriate or available, then from claim details or failing that face value from the customer.
- For those unemployed (including those who have been made redundant) and not in receipt of benefit -Self declaration is required on EF Eligibility Confirmation (EFEC)
- For those who have been previously Self Employed must now be unemployed:
  - Those in receipt of benefit then the referral will be made by DWP and the eligibility will be determined and confirmed by DWP.
  - Those not in receipt of benefit and has ceased trading due to having no income is treated as an 'individual who is not in employment education or training and not claiming benefits. This means they are eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4 – SDS CIAG or Provider confirms on EF Eligibility Confirmation Section 3 – NTTF Eligible. The individual confirms this by signing a self-declaration on the EF Eligibility Confirmation in Section 8 and SDS CIAG or Provider will sign Section 7 Confirmation of eligibility and suitability.

## **Q1.23 If an individual is in receipt of Education Maintenance Allowance (EMA) are they eligible for EF?**

A1.23 Education Maintenance Allowance is for young people who are still in education and therefore not eligible for EF.

## **Q1.24 Are there any exceptions to the eligibility criteria that an individual must not at the same time on any employment, training, or enterprise programme?**

A1.24 Although a person is not eligible if they are at the same time on any employment, training or enterprise programme funded by any UK or Scottish Government department or by SDS. There are exceptions to this rule which are either published by SDS from time to time or agreed by email from the SDS assigned Skills Investment Adviser in advance and supported with evidence confirming there is no duplication of services or funding.

## **Q1.25 If an individual has had support from the Scottish Funding Council NTTF programme are they eligible for EF/NTTF?**

A1.25 An individual who has received support from the Scottish Funding Council NTTF programme should be treated as a re-entrant to NTTF EF Stage 4. Please see Q and A 2.4 for further information.

## **2. Referrals and Assessment**

SDS Compliance has agreed that the 20/21 (version 2) EF Eligibility Confirmation document is still valid for audit purposes up to 31 May 2021. From 1 June 2021 all referrals must be made using the EF Eligibility Confirmation document available for download on the SDS Provider Web Pages as updated on 1 April 2021.

## **Q2.1 Are there any restrictions on an individual “travelling to train” from one Local Authority area to another?**

A2.1 EF contracts are based on Local Employability Partnership (LEP) areas; however, participants may access provision out with their own LEP area if it is appropriate for their needs

and/or not available in their own LEP area. This flexibility is referred to as “travel to train” or resident resides outside the area (RROA)” and needs to be managed as volumes allocated are to address the needs of local residents within the LEP area; SDS Skills Investment Advisers will monitor Provider entry patterns from out with the LEP area.

With regard to travel restrictions due to COVID -19, NTP Providers should follow the guidance issued by the [Scottish Government for the community learning and development sector \(CLD\)](#).

For further information on travel please see Q and A 6.1

## **Q2.2 When will referring organisations receive information on what EF/NTTF provision is available in their local area?**

A2.2 It is the responsibility of the EF providers to ensure that they submit their EF fact sheets to their Skills Investment Adviser for approval within 7 days of agreeing their EF contract. Once approved by their SIA, it is the responsibility of the EF Provider to circulate to local referring organisations. A full list of local contact details for EF Referring Organisations is available from your SIA.

As of 5 October 2020, EF Stage 4 provision has been extended to support the National Transition Training Fund. This includes increasing existing Stage 4 provision and introducing a broker model. If suitable training for those eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4 is not identified from the EF fact sheets you can approach an EF Provider Broker to confirm if they can deliver or source training required. A list of EF Provider Brokers has been supplied to both DWP and SDS CIAG colleagues.

EF Provider Brokers are not restricted by sector or geography. All EF Provider Brokers will source training based on individual and labour market need to support the individual to secure employment and can potentially offer support to individuals from other areas of Scotland. If there is no broker availability in a geographical area you can approach any of the listed brokers.

An individual may express a preference to which organisation delivers the qualification, but it would need to be referred to EF Training Provider Broker to confirm most cost-effective and local option and noted on the EFEC.

Due to ongoing feedback from referral organisations, each NTTF EF Stage 4 Broker must complete a Fact Sheet for sharing with referral organisations on their management of NTTF EF Stage 4 referrals.

## **Q2.3 How is the necessity for a signed document addressed when the Eligibility Confirmation document has been sent electronically using password protection?**

A2.3 *Please note this answer does not take into consideration any interim measures put in place due to COVID-19.* In order to comply with relevant data protection legislation, a copy of the Eligibility Confirmation documents must be signed by all individuals being referred to the Employability Fund prior to any data being transferred to a third party. This can either be a signed hard copy or an electronic copy signed using the screen stylus or mouse.

If the referring organisation chooses to send the EF Eligibility Confirmation to the EF Provider electronically (using password protection) then they can either (a) attach a scanned copy of the signed document or (b) to minimise any delay caused by lack of access to printers or scanners once the individual has signed a hardcopy the referring organisations can send an unsigned document by email using password protection but must state clearly in the covering email that the individuals consent to share personal details has been obtained and a signed copy is held by the referring organisation. The EF Provider must keep a copy of the covering email for audit purposes.

## **Q2.4 How many times can a participant be referred onto the same stage?**

A2.4. It depends on the age of the Participant and the Stage that they wish to enter for a second (or successive time). See the EF Rules Part 2 paragraph 4.5 for full details.

**In all cases** the Participant must be both eligible and suitable on the date of re-entering the same stage of the EF and an EF Eligibility Confirmation must be completed by the EF Referring Organisation. See the EF Rules Part 2 paragraph 2 for full details of the eligibility criteria.

### **Referral to enter the same stage for a second time:**

- For Stage 2 and 3: No recruitment (start) payment will be paid where a Participant re-enters the same stage with any Provider within 28 calendar days of leaving that stage.
- For Stage 4 (including NTTFF): Any Participant who wishes to re-enter Stage 4 (including NTTFF) will have to wait for a period of at least 91 calendar days (13 weeks) after their previous Stage 4 leaving date. For each Participant who wishes to enter Stage 4 (including NTTFF) for a second time, the Provider must discuss and obtain written approval by email from the assigned SDS Skills Investment Advisor in advance of confirming approval with the participant and registering the Start on FIPS.

### **Referral to enter the same stage for a third or successive time:**

- For each Participant who wishes to enter the Employability Fund programme at the same Stage for a third (or successive) time, the Provider must obtain written approval (which may include approval by email) from the assigned SDS Skills Investment Advisor prior to registering the Start on FIPS. If a 16 or 17 year old wishes to enter the Employability Fund programme at the same Stage for a third or successive time, their needs and suitability must, in addition, be assessed by an SDS adviser.

## **Q2.5 Who makes the referral for under 18 benefit recipients?**

A2.5 *Please note this answer does not take into consideration any interim measures put in place due to COVID-19.* The intention is that DWP will signpost all under 18 clients to SDS for referral. If an EF Provider receives a referral for an individual in these circumstances, they must arrange a pre entry interview for the individual with their local Jobcentre to assess and confirm their ongoing entitlement to benefit. If the referral is made by DWP, the EF Provider must check whether the individual is case managed by SDS. If they are case managed, then SDS needs to review and confirm the referral. If they are not case managed by SDS, the EF Provider can review and confirm the referral. If there is no change to the EFEC then SDS would expect to see a counter signature in Section 7 of the EF Eligibility Confirmation. If there is a change to the EFEC then SDS would expect a new EFEC to be completed.

## **Q2.6 Who makes the referral for individuals who are over 18 and not on DWP benefit?**

A2.6 The referral can be made, and the eligibility can be confirmed by SDS, College, EF provider or LA as detailed in the Eligibility confirmation document.

## **Q2.7 Who refers 18+ year olds who are on DLA/PIP, Income Support and ESA?**

A2.7 Those on Income Support and ESA need to be confirmed by DWP as their benefit needs to be converted to a Training Allowance. DLA/PIP on its own does not fit into the criteria of "in receipt of benefit" and as such DWP does not need to confirm their eligibility unless they are in receipt of another benefit as well. We would recommend that they attend a pre entry interview with their local Jobcentre to confirm any entitlement to a DWP Training Allowance (not all individuals will have an entitlement).

**Q2.8 Does an EF Provider need to complete Section 9 of the Eligibility Confirmation and return by email to the referring organisation?**

*A2.8 Please note this answer does not take into consideration any interim measures put in place due to COVID-19.* Once the outcome of the referral is known it is the responsibility of the EF Provider to complete Section 9 of the Eligibility Confirmation (including the signature) and return to the source of the referral within 7 calendar days but it does not specify by email. This requirement was included to ensure that referring organisations are notified of the outcome of the referral and can update their records accordingly. This applies in all cases for all Stages of the Employability Fund.

For those in receipt of benefit, it is the start date notified in Section 9 that is used during the pre-entry interview to determine timescales for transfer from benefit to a Training Allowance.

**Q2.9 Why is the signature on the Eligibility Confirmation only valid for 28 days?**

A2.9 To ensure currency of referral.

**Q 2.10 What if takes longer than 28 days between referral and start date?**

A 2.10 If the EF/NTTF start date (including NTTF course start date) is beyond 28 days of the Eligibility Confirmation (EC) being signed by the referring organisation then the referring organisation must review the information supplied on the EC to ensure that the individual is still eligible and suitable for the EF.

After review, if the information has not changed or the changes can be updated on the original EC form, then an updated signature from the EF referring organisation and the individual is enough to ensure that the requirement has been met (an email signature is acceptable and must be printed by the EF Provider and kept with the original EC form). If the information has changed and the changes are not easily updated on the original form, then a new form should be generated and signed.

**Q2.11 What is the purpose of pre entry interviews with the Jobcentre and do all individuals due to start on the EF need to attend one?**

*A2.11 Please note this answer does not take into consideration any interim measures put in place due to COVID-19.* The purpose of the pre entry interview with the Jobcentre is to assess and confirm any entitlement to a Training Allowance or National Insurance Contribution Training Credits and, where appropriate, process the transfer from DWP benefit to Training Allowance. (Not every Participant will have this entitlement, e.g. Participants in receipt of Universal Credit will not transfer to a Training Allowance but will remain on their Universal Credit)

A pre entry interview is mandatory for all individuals aged 18 or over and in receipt of benefit prior to commencement of EF activity.

A pre entry interview is not mandatory for those not in receipt of benefit but should be encouraged as an opportunity to discuss their entitlement to a DWP Training Allowance prior to any claim for benefit which may affect their eligibility for the EF. In this circumstance the Provider should contact the local Jobcentre to book an Employability Fund pre entry appointment and highlight that it is for a participant who has been authorised entry under the SDS authorised eligibility category 'not in receipt of benefits'. The Provider must share the fully completed EFEC with the Jobcentre in time for the appointment.

Individuals who are 18 and not in receipt of benefit can access the SDS Young Persons Allowance and therefore do not need to attend a pre entry interview with the Jobcentre.

## **Q2.12 How does an EF Provider know if an individual is “case managed by SDS”?**

A2.12 EF providers should contact their named SDS Centre link. A list of local contact details for EF Referring Organisations is available from your SIA.

## **Q2.13 Are the Christmas and New Year holiday periods counted as part of the 28 day validity for the EFEC?**

A2.13 The 14-day period from **Saturday 25 December 2021 to Friday 7 January 2022** (inclusive) is not counted towards the 28-day criteria for validity of the EF Eligibility Confirmation.

## **Q2.14 Please explain Section 7 and 8 of the EF Eligibility Confirmation document?**

A2.14 In line with GDPR regulations the EFEC was amended to include specific detail regarding data protection at the point of referral to the Employability Fund. In Section 7 the “contact details for any data protection enquiries” should be the name of the adviser assisting the individual to complete the EFEC form in particular explaining the Privacy Notice in Section 8. In Section 8 the Privacy Notice has been worded in such a way that it captures the GDPR requirements for all EF Referring Organisations. Each organisation will need to explain their own processes to the individual that they are referring to the EF. We will be reviewing the Privacy Notice in Section 8 of the EFEC as GPDR requirements develop and become embedded in everyday practice.

## **Q2.15 When do Referring Organisations and EF Providers use the new eligibility group for NTTF on the EFEC?**

A2.15 From 5 October 2020 onwards any individual that is eligible for NTTF EF Stage 4 and is being referred to any Stage 4 provision must be recorded as NTTF on the EFEC. This includes Stage 4 sbwa provision.

## **Q2.16 Can other training organisations offer Stage 4 Approved Qualifications who are not contracted to SDS to deliver EF/NTTF?**

A2.16 SDS can only offer volumes to those EF Training Providers who had stage 4 and 18+ on their original contract. This is a requirement of the procurement process in that the awards made by age and stage cannot change in year.

You can advise other training organisations to contact EF Stage 4 Providers independently to promote their training service offer to act as a subcontractor if appropriate.

## **Q2.17 Does EF/NTTF fund digital training?**

A2.17 For individuals interested in digital training, the Digital Start Fund is now available further details on link below

<https://www.digitalworld.net/study/digital-start-fund>

This covers Code Clan, data and software development courses. Individuals should be signposted to this source of funding in the first instance.

## **Q2.18 What courses/qualifications are and are not available through EF Stage 4/NTTF?**

A2.18 There is an existing list of EF Stage 4 Approved Qualifications introduced to meet labour market needs. As such the qualifications must link directly to labour market opportunities. The opportunities will normally be local to the Participant, but the qualification may also have relevance to the wider labour market. The list also outlines the qualifications which are not eligible for

funding. The list is published on the [SDS Provider Web Pages](#). The list is not exhaustive and SDS is entitled to add and remove any qualification from the Stage 4 Approved Qualification list at any time.

Providers can ask for qualifications to be added to the Approved Qualifications listing to deliver new requests from individuals to help move into employment. (see Q and A 8.1)

### **Q2.19 What support is available through EF Stage 4/NTTF?**

A2.19 Access to NTTF support can only be made through a NTTF Training provider and cannot be made retrospectively for training booked in any circumstances.

To support you to gain access to employment, NTTF EF S4 offers one qualification if appropriate from an approved list of qualifications. The approved list is for high cost qualifications only. There are alternative lower cost qualifications available from your Training Provider which may be funded if appropriate to progressing into employment. There are qualifications that are not supported through NTTF. SDS is entitled to add and remove any qualification from the Approved List for NTTF at any time. No training can be undertaken outwith the UK

The maximum financial support is £3,500 and the maximum duration of training is 16 weeks. There are exceptions which are detailed on the approved qualification list.

### **Q2.20 How does DWP make a referral to NTTF EF Stage 4?**

A2.20 DWP staff should follow the EF COVID 19 interim measures referral process that is outlined on the [SDS website](#)

### **Q2.21 What happens when an individual calls the PACE helpline enquiring about NTTF EF Stage 4?**

A2.21 The PACE Helpline should establish eligibility, if the individual is in receipt of benefit then they should be directed to DWP, if the individual is not in receipt of benefit then they should be referred to appropriate CIAG adviser to undertake the referral to the Provider using the EF Eligibility Confirmation form.

### **Q2.22 What happens if a person is referred to a Provider and the Provider does not agree that the EF provision is suitable to address the person's employability needs?**

A2.22 Following the receipt of all EF referrals, the Provider must undertake their own assessment to verify the suitability of the recommended stage and/or output. The Provider must not offer a start date if they do not agree that the EF Provision is suitable to address the person's employability needs.

### **Q2.23 What is the purpose of the NTTF EF Stage 4 Customer Charter introduced from 1 April 2021?**

A2.23 The NTTF EF Stage 4 Customer Charter was introduced to ensure that individuals were fully aware of the support available through NTTF EF Stage 4 at the point of referral.

## **3. EF/NTTF Delivery**

### **Q3.1 Can I use my own ITP document?**

A3.1 Yes, however it must contain the minimum of information in the best practice ITP as detailed in Appendix 3 of the EF Rules and be approved by your Skills Investment Adviser.

### **Q3.2 Is there a standard Review Record document for EF?**

A3.2 There is no mandatory review document for the Employability Fund. The EF ITP is where review details should be recorded. Please use additional supporting information if you require it and retain along with the ITP.

### **Q3.3 Now that it is mandatory to enter the Participant's email address in FIPS, what do Providers do if the Participant does not have an email address?**

A3.3 If the Participant does not have a personal email address then the Provider must assist the Participant to set one up.

### **Q3.4 Why is there a maximum duration on EF/NTTF and what is the maximum duration?**

A3.4 The Scottish Government has been working closely with the Department of Work and Pensions to examine the interaction between benefit rules and UC claimant availability to participate on EF. In line with Scottish Government priorities for national service delivery and universality of services the rules developed in response to UC will apply to all EF starts.

For Participants aged 24 and under, training will be supported for up to a maximum of 26 weeks. For Participants aged 25 and over, training will be supported for up to a maximum of 16 weeks.

### **Q3.5 Why is there a difference in the maximum duration for those who are 25+?**

A3.5 The maximum duration for those 24 and under mirrors the traineeship model in place in England and Wales. The maximum duration for those 25 and over is in line with UK benefit regulations.

### **Q3.6 Is the maximum duration cumulative if the participant has had more than one EF start?**

A3.6 No. It is the role of the referring organisation to confirm eligibility and suitability for every entry to the EF. For the avoidance of doubt, in the case of DWP benefit recipients this must be confirmed by DWP.

### **Q3.7 How does the maximum duration impact on self-employment training?**

A 3.7 If test trading is included in the delivery model for self-employment training this would be considered as part of the work experience element. Other activity in support of self-employment would be considered as employability skills training.

### **Q3.8 Has there been a change to the work experience definitions in relation to the maximum hours per week?**

A3.8 The only change to the work experience definitions as set out in Appendix 4 of the EF Activity Rules is a recommended minimum duration of 100 hours and absolute maximum duration of 240 hours for a work experience placement. The introduction of a maximum of 30 hours per week does apply to all EF activity including work experience.

For those participants undertaking the Certificate of Work Readiness the Training Provider must ensure there has been sufficient time spent preparing the participants before they go out on Work Placement. In order to safe guard the participant and minimise the likelihood that the Participant will not complete the 190 hours work experience element of the CWR, Providers must try and ensure they have assessed the clients readiness for participating in work experience. We would recommend there is weekly dialogue/ ongoing reviewing of the participants progress during the first 2 weeks of work placement and if there is any indication that the participant is not likely to progress with the placement this must be identified as early as possible to ensure that another suitable placement can be found and the Provider complies with the EF rules on maximum 240 hours work experience.

**Q3.9 What evidence will be required for compliance purposes with regard to hours of attendance?**

A3.9 All changes to hours and duration of training including work experience must be recorded and updated in the ITP.

**Q3.10 What do EF Providers advise work experience placement providers who expect participants to work more than 30 hours per week?**

A3.10 There are no exceptions to this criteria and EF Providers will have to explain that EF participants are unemployed and must have time to undertake active jobsearch.

**Q3.11 Can a Participant with a disability extend their time on work experience beyond 240 hours?**

A3.11 Providers can request an extension to the 240 maximum duration of work experience placement for Participants who are not DWP benefit recipients with an identified disability who require an extension to the 240 hour period to complete the work experience. Providers must seek prior written approval from the SDS assigned Skills Investment Adviser for such an extension and submit evidence of the Participant's identified disability.

**Q3.12 Who pays for any Stage 4/NTTF pre course medical requirements?**

A3.12 Any pre course medical requirements must be covered by the EF Provider through the recruitment payment. These costs will be taken into consideration as part of the approved qualification approval process.

**Q3.13 What does SDS mean by "unique" email address?**

A3.13 A unique email address is an email address used and accessed only by the intended recipient e.g. [John.Smith@abc.co.uk](mailto:John.Smith@abc.co.uk) .

**Q3.14 Is the Scottish Candidate Number (SCN) a mandatory field on the TA?**

A3.14 If the Participant does not have a SCN and is not undertaking a SQA qualification as part of their ITP then the SCN field on the TA can be left blank.

## **4. Outputs**

**Q 4.1 Is it mandatory to register all participants for an SCQF rated qualification when they start on EF?**

A 4.1 Certification is not a mandatory element of the EF.

**Q4.2 A participant has completed SCQF core skills level 4 while at School, the Initial Assessment indicates that they would be more appropriate for Stage 2 EF - will the EF Provider be able to work with this individual at personal development SCQF level 3 and be paid for outputs achieved at this level?**

A4.2 Stage 2 output payments are for personal development, employability and/or core skill provision. As the participant has already achieved the relevant SCQF level for core skills prior to entry to the EF, the EF Provider can only claim an output for personal development or employability SCQF provision.

**Q4.3 If a participant at stage 3 holds an SCQF level above level 4 in core skills, can an output for the Certificate of Work Readiness (CWR) still be claimed?**

A4.3 Stage 3 output payments are for employability, vocational and/or core skill provision. As the participant has already achieved the relevant SCQF level for core skills prior to entry to the EF, the EF provider can only claim an output for employability or vocational SCQF provision. CWR is an employability award.

**Q4.4 Can the Output Payment be claimed after an Outcome has been achieved?**

A 4.4 The output payment can be claimed after an outcome has been achieved. The EF Rules state that:

8.3.4 In cases where the Participant has progressed into employment, in the event only that: -  
8.3.4.1 the Participant achieves (i.e. training completed and certified by the awarding body) an Output which he/she started before leaving the Employability Fund Activity to commence employment;  
8.3.4.2 the Output corresponds with the ITP agreed with the Provider, and  
8.3.4.3 achievement occurs no later than 13 calendar weeks after the date the Participant left the Employability Fund Activity to commence his/her employment;  
the Provider may claim the Output Payment.

**Q 4.5 Is a print out from SQA Connect/Navigator sufficient evidence for an Output payment?**

A 4.5 A print from either SQA Connect or Navigator/Monitor will suffice providing it confirms achievement of the stated Output.

**Q.4.6 If a participant completed part of an Employability award (e.g. 6 credit points), left the EF and then re-entered and completed the full award (e.g. 18 credit points in total over the two periods of training) can an output be claimed?**

A 4.6. If a participant re-enters the EF and the EF Provider claims a new start payment for them, a new ITP must be generated at that point taking on board any previous qualifications and experience. In order to claim an output then the participant must have completed a minimum of 18 SCQF credit points at the appropriate level as part of their current ITP. If a participant re-enters the EF and the EF Provider does not claim a new start payment for them then the participant can pick up where they left off with their original ITP. We will not support an output payment for qualifications equivalent to something the participant has achieved prior to their current start on EF.

In the case of the enhanced output payment at Stage 3, the evidence requirement is the achievement of the Group Award of at least 34 SCQF credit points where employer opinion is integral to the attainment of the Group Award rather than the individual units which make up the Group Award and as such all 34 units do not have to have been completed during the current start on EF.

**Q4.7 Must the participant achieve all expected qualifications as listed in the ITP to claim an Output or is this claimable as long as 18 credit points have been achieved?**

A4.7 To qualify for an output payment the provider must supply evidence as set out in EF Rules i.e. at stages 2 and 3 a minimum of 18 credit points must be achieved at the appropriate level.

**Q4.8. If someone completed a Stage of EF having achieved an output and is re-entering the same Stage of the EF can the new EF Provider claim an output for this individual?**

A4.8. If an individual has completed a Stage on the EF we would assume that they have achieved the goals set out in their ITP and are ready to move on to the next Stage of the Strategic Skills Pipeline. However, we realise that individuals needs change and if they are referred back to the same Stage of the EF the EF Provider must agree a new ITP.

For Stage 2 and 3: when agreeing a new ITP, the EF Provider can include further SCQF qualifications as part of the planned training. In order to claim an output, the qualifications must be at least 18 credit points at the appropriate level for the EF Stage and they must be different from what the individual has already achieved.

For Stage 4: when agreeing a new ITP, the EF Provider can include an additional qualification as part of the planned training. In order to claim an output, the qualification must be on the Stage 4 Approved qualification list.

SDS Skills Investment Advisers will be monitoring re-entrants to the same Stage of the EF.

## **5. Outcomes**

### **Q5.1 Is there a time limit to claim an outcome?**

A5.1 The intent is that the Providers maintain a momentum with the participant. All claims for payment relating to a Participant must be made no later than the last day of the calendar month occurring 15 months after the Participant's leaving date

### **Q5.2 Can participants progress from Stage 3 to Stage 4 in order to extend their time on work experience?**

A5.2 Stage 4 is not to be used as an extension of stage 3. Participants should be job ready at the end of stage 3 and if not should be retained at Stage 3 until they are job ready. Stage 4 should be to provide a sector specific qualification, customised training for a particular employer/sector, sector based work academy or experience which facilitates direct progression into employment. Providers should not limit the amount of time participants spend on a Stage according to their own timetables, participants should remain on the Stage until they have completed their ITP.

### **Q5.3 If the participant does not achieve all expected qualifications as listed in the ITP, can a Progression to the higher Stage of the EF still be claimed?**

A5.3 No.

### **Q5.4 Is progression onto Community Jobs Scotland counted as an employment outcome in EF?**

A5.4 No. CJS **cannot** be used as evidence for a "progression to a job" payment. However, it can, where appropriate, be used as evidence for "progressing from one stage of the Strategic Skills Pipeline to a more advanced stage" payment as it is nationally recognised within the Strategic Skills Pipeline as Stage 4 provision.

### **Q5.5 Can EF Providers claim an outcome for a Participant progressing from Stage 2 to Stage 4 of the Strategic Skills Pipeline?**

A5.5 Yes. This is processed as a progression to a more advanced form of learning on FIPS.

### **Q5.6 Can EF Providers who do not deliver any qualifications or have not identified a qualification on a participant's ITP still claim the progression to a more advanced Stage payment?**

A5.6 EF Providers who do not deliver any qualifications or have not identified a qualification on a participant's ITP CAN still claim the progression to a more advanced Stage payment if the ITP has been completed. They cannot claim an output payment.

**Q5.7 Can EF Providers claim a progression payment for participants who move into a full time FE course at the same SCQF level that they have achieved on EF?**

A5.7 If a participant progresses to FE on leaving the EF, the EF Provider can claim a progression payment if they have the evidence that the Participant has started in further education at a higher level of SCQF than the minimum output levels for the Stage of the EF activity from which the Participant has progressed. If the FE provision is a vocational course a progression payment can be claimed if they have the evidence that the Participant has started in further education at the same or higher level of than the minimum output levels for the Stage of the EF activity from which the Participant has progressed.

**Q5.8 Why do Appendix 11 and 12 state [the retention period for the documents](#)?**

A5.8 [To assist Providers in assuring employers of GDPR compliance. The retention period has been reviewed and updated as of 1 April 2021 and is outlined in the EF Rules Part 3 paragraph 21.1.](#)

**Q5.9 Is progression onto Kickstart counted as an employment outcome in EF?**

A5.9 Yes. EF Rules Part 2 paragraph 8.3.6 outlines the evidence requirements to support an outcome Payment for progression to employment.

**Q5.10 Is progression to a Pathway Apprenticeship counted as an employment outcome in EF?**

A5.10 No. A Pathway Apprenticeship is not a progression to a job. However, it can, where appropriate, be used as evidence for “progressing to a more advanced form of learning” for those leaving Stage 2 or Stage 3 EF (see EF Rules, Part 2, paragraph 8.3.11 for full details).

**Q5.11 Can Providers claim a job or sustained job outcome for participants who are employed but in furlough?**

A5.11 [For the purposes of claiming a job or sustained job outcome, a participant who is employed but in furlough is deemed as in employment and the evidence requirements for a job or sustained job remain as outlined in the Employability Fund Programme Rules 2020-21 as extended to 31 March 2022. If the Provider is unable to obtain the Employers signature on Appendix 11 \(or Appendix 12 in the case of a sustained outcome\) then the EF Rules for alternative evidence in place of the Employer signature still stand. Further information may be requested by SDS to support the claim if required on a case by case basis.](#)

## **6. Terms and Conditions**

**Q6.1 Do Participants get help with travel and accommodation expenses?**

A6.1 Providers must cover the cost of Participants travel expenses from the recruitment payment. Dependent on circumstances, some Participants who are also DWP benefit recipients may be able to claim travel expenses from DWP (e.g. those DWP benefit recipients participating in a sector based work academy). Please refer to the EF Rules for full details. Certain Participants will be expected to contribute no more than the first £3 per week towards their own travel expenses. See EF Rules Part 2 item 7.5 for full details.

From 5 October 2020 until 31 March 2022, EF Stage 4 (including NTTf) Participants in exceptional circumstances where excessive travel and/or accommodation is required due to no local provision being available may be supported by SDS. See the COVID interim measures on the [SDS website](#) for further information.

With regard to travel restrictions due to COVID -19, NTP Providers should follow the guidance issued by the [Scottish Government for the community learning and development sector \(CLD\)](#).

**Q6.2 Do participants need to complete a Travel Authorisation form every week?**

A6.2 Participants do not need to complete a Travel Authorisation form for SDS purposes.

**Q6.3 Will Employability Fund provision be treated as “approved training” with regard to Tax Credits & Child Benefit?**

A6.3 Yes. HMRC has included The Employability Fund as “approved training”.

**Q6.4 Will those who are on training through the EF/NTTF be able to access an Individual Training Account (ITA)?**

A6.4 ITAs cannot be used by Participants to fund training delivered as part of the Employability Fund Activity or for any elements of the Individual Training Plan. Participants in the Employability Fund Activity will be ineligible to apply for SDS ITA funding or to renew an existing account for SDS ITA funding whilst participating in an Employability Fund Activity. However, FIPS will allow Providers to make EF registrations for individuals who have open ITA assignments; where the funding and training was sourced prior to the EF registration. Further information is available on the SDS website: [Individual Training Accounts](#)

**Q6.5 What is the situation regarding holiday entitlement and unauthorised absence for participants on the EF?**

A6.5 The EF is not prescribing the attendance pattern for participants. It is up to each contracted EF provider to establish their own system for authorised and unauthorised absence and agree the attendance pattern with each participant as part of the Individual Training Plan. If in receipt of DWP benefit the participant should inform their local Jobcentre of any plans for travel abroad as it may affect their benefit entitlement. Please note that periods of authorised and unauthorised absence are counted when calculating the maximum length of stay for all new.

**Q 6.6 Are EF Participants able to access support for childcare costs?**

A 6.6 SDS do not cover the cost of childcare as part of the EF/NTTF.

**Q6.7 What are the maximum hours of attendance for someone on EF/NTTF?**

A6.7 The maximum hours of attendance per week is 30 hours.

## **7. Participant Allowances**

**Q7.1 Can EF Providers reduce the SDS Young Persons Allowance (YPA) pro-rata if the participant is part-time or absent?**

A7.1 The YPA is a weekly allowance regardless of the attendance pattern. If a Participant fails to participate in the training activity as set out within their Individual Training Plan, Providers have the discretion to reduce the weekly allowance paid to the Participant – what is paid to the Participant will be the amount reclaimed from SDS via FIPS. It is at the Providers discretion what they agree for part time attendance, authorised and unauthorised absence. The Provider must fully explain their rules regarding attendance at induction and agree the attendance pattern with each Participant as part of the Individual Training Plan. Compliance will check to ensure that YPA claimed from SDS has been paid out to the participant. To ensure that any deductions can be processed through FIPS they should be in £5.50 blocks.

## **Q7.2 Who is eligible for the SDS Young Persons Allowance of £55 per week?**

A7.2 Participants aged 16, 17 who are not in education, employment or training are eligible for the SDS Young Persons Allowance of £55 per week.

Participants aged 18 who are not education, employment or training and not in receipt of DWP benefits are eligible for a SDS Young Persons Allowance of £55 per week.

## **Q7.3 For individuals who are under 18 and in receipt of DWP benefit (e.g. JSA hardship, income support, Universal Credit) what allowances are they entitled to when participating in the EF?**

A7.3 16 and 17 year olds in receipt of JSA hardship or income support will be expected to transfer to a Young Persons Allowance. They may be able to claim income support to top up the Young Persons Allowance. 16 and 17 year olds in receipt of Universal Credit will remain on Universal Credit rather than transfer to a Young Persons Allowance.

## **Q7.4 If a person starts on an EF programme when they are 18 years old (not in receipt of DWP benefits) are they eligible for £55 per week for the length of their programme even if during that time they turn 19 years old?**

A7.4 An 18yr old not in receipt of DWP benefit is eligible for the Young Persons Allowance until their training in that Stage of the EF is completed regardless if they turn 19 during the period of training.

## **Q7.5 If a participant is over 19 and not in receipt of benefit what allowance do they receive?**

A7.5 A participant over 19 and not in receipt of benefit is **not** entitled to the SDS Young Persons Allowance. They may be entitled to a DWP Training Allowance. In order to determine any entitlement to a DWP Training Allowance the EF Provider should arrange a pre entry interview with DWP to discuss. This must be undertaken prior to any claim for benefit which may affect their eligibility for the EF.

## **Q7.6 What happens if someone is over 19 and not in receipt of benefit and does not want to attend the Jobcentre for a pre entry interview or is not entitled to a Training Allowance?**

*A7.6 Please note this answer does not take into consideration any interim measures put in place due to COVID-19. Please refer to Q and A 2.11 for the purpose of the pre entry interview. All identified new starts aged 19 and over and not in receipt of benefit should be encouraged to attend a pre entry interview.*

If someone is 18 and not in receipt of benefit they are eligible for the SDS Young Persons Allowance of £55 per week paid by the EF provider. If someone is 19 or over and not in receipt of benefit and refuses to attend a pre entry interview with DWP they would be unable to have their entitlement to a Training Allowance assessed and would not be eligible for any allowances whilst on the EF.

## **Q7.7 Do participants in receipt of DWP benefit require to transfer their benefits to a Training Allowance?**

A7.7 Participants who are 18 years and over and in receipt of DWP benefit would normally transfer to a Training Allowance equivalent to their benefit package when they start on the Employability Fund. There are three exceptions to this, provision which is expected to last for less than 2 weeks, provision which is categorised as a sector based work academy and participants in receipt of Universal Credit. For these situations participants can remain on DWP benefit but it needs to be confirmed and actioned by DWP.

**Q7.8 Can deductions be made to the Training Allowance paid through DWP for part time or absence?**

A7.8 No. The Training Allowance is linked to benefit rules and Scottish Government has agreed the policy with DWP. Scottish Government policy is clear that they will not support any action that may result in sanctions on the individual. EF Providers should only share information with DWP as detailed in the Start/Leaver Notification and Change of Circumstance form.

**Q7.9 How is an individual's housing benefit affected by participation on the EF?**

A7.9 Individuals have a personal responsibility to inform whoever administers their Housing Benefit (HB) of a change to their circumstances. Any further guidance would have to come from the relevant local authority staff dealing with HB.

**Q7.10 Where a participant is in receipt of DLA/PIP and ESA what happens to their benefits/allowances when they go on EF?**

A7.10 For those in receipt of DLA/PIP they will continue to receive DLA/PIP for the duration of their training with no impact on their entitlement to other benefits or allowances. For those in receipt of ESA they have the choice of whether to remain on their ESA or transfer to a Training Allowance. There are no guarantees that their participation on EF will not affect later decisions on their fitness for work which is determined by the DWP, ESA team. We would recommend that referring organisations have a discussion with DWP locally to make them aware of the contact they have with the individual and make arrangements for them to attend the Jobcentre to ensure a smooth transition.

**Q7.11 What is the situation for participants in receipt of UC with regard to declaring any income generated through test trading as part of their EF ITP?**

A7.11 EF participants in receipt of UC must declare all income, which includes what they generate through test trading, to DWP. There are no differences to the way earnings will be treated between a UC claimant declaring earnings from being Self Employed and a UC claimant declaring earnings whilst test trading on EF. A full assessment will be made by DWP to work out the UC entitlement. Provider must advise their EF participants who are in receipt of UC of the potential implications prior to undertaking any test trading.

**Q7.12 Does Local Authority support for care experienced young people have any impact on eligibility for YPA?**

A7.12 No. Local Authority support for care experienced young people does not impact on eligibility for YPA.

**Q7.13 Can a young person in receipt of PIP also receive the Young Persons Allowance?**

A7.13 PIP on its own does not fit into the criteria of "in receipt of benefits" so being in receipt of PIP does not impact on their eligibility for EF and/or YPA.

**8. EF Provider Contract Management/ FIPS**

**Q8.1 How are qualifications added to the approved list for Stage 4 output payments?**

A8.1 EF/NTTF Stage 4 now offers one qualification, if appropriate, from an approved list of qualifications. No training can be undertaken outwith the UK, the maximum financial support is £3,500 and the maximum duration of training is 16 weeks.

It is expected that referrals seeking EF/NTTF Stage 4 qualification support should lead to a job outcome. By exception, SDS will consider requests for additional qualifications in circumstances

where a Provider identifies a labour market need for a qualification that is not on the Stage 4 Approved qualification list. Examples of labour market justification include evidence of local job vacancies; a job offer conditional on getting the qualification. The Provider should discuss with their SIA, and if appropriate investigate further, prior to submission for consideration by the SDS Approval Panel. The provider must also research the most cost-effective delivery method and submit this as part of their request.

The request must be submitted by the Provider using a standard template (available from their SIA) which includes the cost, duration, awarding body details, any entrance requirements (e.g. tests required along with labour market justification).

The request is then submitted to SDS Approved Qualification Panel and will be reviewed as soon as possible but no later than 10 working days from date of submission. The qualification will be approved or rejected, and reasons stated if rejected. The SIA will inform the training Provider of the decision.

Please note that in some cases further information may be requested and this can delay the decision making beyond the 10 days. There is no guarantee that the request will be approved. (For the avoidance of doubt, it is only if the costs are over £500 that a qualification will be considered for inclusion).

### **Q8.2 What organisations can deliver the qualifications on the Stage 4 Approved list?**

A8.2 There is a SDS approval process to monitor the organisations delivering all qualifications on the Stage 4 approved list. The full list is available via your SIA. For SDS assurance purposes, a due diligence check is carried out prior to any organisation being added to the list. If a Provider wishes to subcontract the delivery of the qualification, they must use an organisation already approved by SDS or the Provider must request the organisation be added to the list by emailing their SIA.

### **Q8.3 How do EF Providers record work experience on FIPS if work experience is planned but an employer has not yet been identified?**

A8.3 An EF FIPS Training video is available on the SDS Provider Web Pages. FIPS allows Providers to indicate that work experience is planned, and the employer details can be updated when they become available.

### **Q8.4 Do EF Providers need to complete another Training Agreement when the Employer details are added?**

A8.4 No. The Training Agreement must be immediately updated, signed and dated by the Participant and Provider and the changes updated immediately on FIPS when there is a variation to the Participants NI number, start date, date of birth or output type. For any other variation such as email address or work experience employer detail, the Provider must ensure that the changes are updated on FIPS and recorded on the ITP at the next review.

### **Q8.5 Where would I find information on the SDS equalities monitoring procedure?**

A8.5 Information on the SDS Equalities Monitoring procedure is published on the SDS Provider Web Pages.

### **Q8.6 When undertaking an individual search prior to completing an EF registration on FIPS, the individual was found on the system but with a different NI number. Which NI number should be used to complete the registration?**

A8.6. If the NI number already linked to the Participant is a temporary or different NI number, Providers must continue to use the existing NI number until the assignment has been approved on

FIPS. Once the assignment has been approved the Provider must update the NI number on FIPS. Providers must refer to FIPS guidance on updating Participants personal details.

## **9. Miscellaneous enquiries**

### **Q9.1 What is a sector based work academy (sbwa)?**

A9.1 sector based work academies are one of the Governments “Get Britain Working” measures led by DWP. The Employability Fund Stage 4 can be used as a mechanism to deliver sbwa in Scotland. sector based work academies must meet the following criteria:

- targeted at sectors with high volumes of entry-level jobs and current vacancies;
- aimed at DWP clients who are “close to the labour market”;
- last for a maximum of 6 weeks; and
- include pre-employment training, a work experience placement and where possible a guaranteed job interview.

### **Q9.2 What is the process for EF provision to be recognised as a sector based work academy?**

A9.2 All discussions regarding the development of local sbwa provision using EF funding must include DWP and SDS representatives and be agreed by both parties prior to delivery. To start the discussion, DWP must complete a “sbwa Opportunities: Training Programme Specification” and submit this to the local SDS EF Team leader. Local requests during the contract year will be considered subject to budget availability.

### **Q9.3 What support is available for Providers with the introduction of FIPS?**

A9.3 Support materials are available on the FIPS page of the SDS Provider Web Pages. This includes a series of EF FIPS Training Videos as well as a FIPS FAQ and Glossary.

### **Q9.4 What is the National Transition Training Fund (NTTF) EF Stage 4?**

A9.4 NTTF EF Stage 4 has been **extended** based on the following SG Principles:

- available between 5<sup>th</sup> October 2020 and 31<sup>st</sup> March 2021 and later extended to 24 June 2021;
- clearly support the transition into areas where demand has been identified, growth sectors, or available job opportunities;
- demonstrate support for the provision of green skills to support Scotland’s transition to net zero, in line with the aim on the Climate Emergency Skills Action Plan;
- support those with protected characteristics (including women) and should promote the Fair Work agenda and the transition to meaningful jobs;
- not restricted by sector, skill set or skill level;
- focus on sectors and occupations that are being hardest hit by the COVID-19 pandemic
- the user journey is at the heart of delivery.

The NTTF EF Stage 4 is being delivered through expanding the capacity of the existing EF Stage 4 infrastructure. See Q and A 2.2 for further information.

### **Q9.5 Is NTTF a continuation of the Transition Training Fund (TTF) for Oil and Gas that was previously available?**

A9.5 No, NTTF is not the same as the Oil & Gas TTF that was previously managed by SDS. This is no longer available.

**Q9.6 How much funding is available to the individual?**

A9.6 An individual receives no direct funding for training costs. The training is sourced, organised and paid for by the EF Training Provider using the most cost-effective and local provision.

**Q9.7 I am unable to open/send/receive files encrypted using AES-256?**

A9.7 You must use 7-zip to open these files. (Right click on the encrypted file, select 7-zip then open in archive you will be asked to insert your password). If you do not have 7-zip, you can download 7-zip for free from this link <https://www.7-zip.org/>. If this does not resolve the issue, please discuss this further with your SIA.